CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024

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CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA

CITY OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Ryan Breckenridge	Mayor
Jeffrey Hare	Council Member & Mayor Pro-Tem
Lyle Morey	Council Member
Barb Fate	Council Member
Kaleb Himli	Council Member
Rebecca Schmidt	City Administrator

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wykoff, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, First Responders Fund, and the Rural Fire Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, from which such partial information was derived.

We have previously audited the City's 2023 financial statements and our report dated February 1, 2024, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

mith, Schapp and associates, Ltd.

Rochester, Minnesota February 6, 2025

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Governmental	Business-Type	Tot	als	
	Activities	Activities	2024	2023	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 700,938	\$ 295,051	\$ 995,989	\$ 991,042	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		11,928	11,928	34,913	
Receivables	82,475	27,495	109,970	125,895	
Due from other governments	36,826		36,826	15,491	
Net pension asset	147,548		147,548	93,887	
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable	250,573		250,573	74,014	
Depreciable, net	1,662,791	2,916,328	4,579,119	4,665,854	
Total Assets	2,881,151	3,250,802	6,131,953	6,001,096	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows from pension activity	13,658	530	14,188	11,941	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	36,359	11,188	47,547	20,392	
Accrued interest payable	9,585	283	9,868	6,938	
Customer deposits		17,438	17,438	17,646	
Accrued compensated absences	4,843	326	5,169	6,730	
Noncurrent liabilities:	70.404	54.000	100 101	100.000	
Due within one year	79,104	51,000	130,104	109,000	
Due in more than one year	605,466	1,054,000	1,659,466	1,703,000	
Net pension liability	22,304	802	23,106	27,959	
Total Liabilities	757,661	1,135,037	1,892,698	1,891,665	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows from pension activity	14,217	458	14,675	10,494	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,228,794	1,811,328	3,040,122	2,927,868	
Restricted:					
Contributions	19,645		19,645		
Debt service	141,613		141,613	144,178	
Fire pension	147,548		147,548	93,887	
Replacement reserves		11,928	11,928	34,913	
Unrestricted	585,331	292,581	877,912	910,032	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,122,931	\$ 2,115,837	\$ 4,238,768	\$ 4,110,878	

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

			Program Revenues								
					0	perating		Capital			
			Ch	arges for	Gra	ants and	Grants and				
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	5	Services	Contributions		Cor	ntributions			
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	164,709	\$	12,338	\$	3,189	\$				
Public safety		106,137		2,150		57,613		55,000			
Public works		134,216				13,350		9,595			
Parks, museum and recreation		43,065		16,306		6,681		57,000			
Economic development		13,153		2,231		255					
Interest on long-term debt		17,955									
Total governmental activities		479,235		33,025		81,088		121,595			
Business-Type activities:											
Water		70,848		101,236							
Sewer		255,240		203,530							
Storm sewer			_	5,439							
Total business-type activities		326,088		304,766							
Total	\$	805,323	\$	337,791	\$	81,088	\$	121,595			

General revenues:

General property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:

Local government aid

Other

Interest earnings

Gain on sale of assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type	Tot	als		
1	Activities		Activities	 2024		2023	
\$	(149,182)	\$		\$ (149,182)	\$	(112,538)	
	8,626			8,626		(172,555)	
	(111,271)			(111,271)		(154,569)	
	36,922			36,922		(29,100)	
	(10,667)			(10,667)		(66,739)	
	(17,955)			 (17,955)		(15,813)	
	(243,527)			 (243,527)		(551,314)	
			00.000	00.000		04.050	
			30,388	30,388		34,858	
			(51,710)	(51,710)	(47,207		
			5,439	 5,439		5,617	
			(15,883)	 (15,883)		(6,732)	
	(243,527)		(15,883)	 (259,410)		(558,046)	
	216,578			216,578		213,192	
	148,506			148,506		137,688	
						292	
	3,038		856	3,894		3,545	
						15,000	
	5,120		13,202	18,322		2,510	
	(6,000)		6,000				
	367,242		20,058	 387,300		372,227	
	123,715		4,175	127,890		(185,819)	
	1,999,216		2,111,662	 4,110,878		4,296,697	
\$	2,122,931	\$	2,115,837	\$ 4,238,768	\$	4,110,878	

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Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds							
ASSETS	 101 General	Res	230 First ponders	R	240 ural Fire	R	250 evolving Loan	His	260 storical
Cash and cash equivalents Loans receivable Taxes receivable, delinquent	\$ 334,343 5,951	\$	100	\$	2,610	\$	9,912 34,119	\$	
Special assessments receivable: Delinquent Deferred	43 640								
Due from other funds	22,210								
Due from other governmental units	 17,089		2,910		15,614				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 380,276	\$	3,010	\$	18,224	\$	44,031	\$	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 18,909	\$	34	\$	203	\$		\$	140
Due to other funds	 		1,435						2,722
Total Liabilities	 18,909		1,469		203				2,862
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue:									
Property taxes	5,951		100						
Special assessments Loans receivable	683						34,119		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 6,634		100				34,119		
Fund Balance									
Restricted: Contributions (ballpark) Debt service	19,645								
Committed:									
By Council action			1,441		18,021		9,912		
Assigned Unassigned	 335,088								(2,862)
Total Fund Balance	 354,733		1,441		18,021		9,912		(2,862)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 380,276	\$	3,010	\$	18,224	\$	44,031	\$	

Capital Proj	ject Funds	Debt Service Funds						
406 Capital provement	408 2025 Street Project		305 2018A provement Bond		307 2020A provement Bond	 Total Governmenta		I Funds 2023
\$ 245,710	\$	\$	52,305	\$	56,058	\$ 700,938 34,119	\$	707,664 38,676
			1,348		1,814	9,213		9,492
			41 15,205		602 22,612	686 38,457 22,210		1,719 48,575
 			384		829	 36,826		15,491
\$ 245,710	\$	\$	69,283	\$	81,915	\$ 842,449	\$	821,617
\$ 16,431	\$ 642 18,053	\$		\$		\$ 36,359 22,210	\$	15,351
 16,431	18,695					 58,569		15,351
			1,348		1,814	9,213		9,492
			15,246		23,214	39,143 34,119		50,294 38,676
			16,594		25,028	 82,475		98,462
			52,689		56,887	19,645 109,576		99,328
229,279						258,653		229,384
 	(18,695)					 313,531		1,626 377,466
 229,279	(18,695)		52,689		56,887	 701,405		707,804
\$ 245,710	\$	\$	69,283	\$	81,915	\$ 842,449	\$	821,617

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds								
	101 General	230 First Responders	240 Rural Fire	250 Revolving Loan	260 Historical					
REVENUES	*	• • • • •	•	•	•					
Property taxes	\$ 153,945	\$ 148	\$	\$	\$					
Special assessments	689									
Licenses and permits	3,612	F 600	20 702							
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	179,598 8,726	5,600	29,793 2,000		16,306					
Fines and forfeits	150		2,000		10,300					
Interest income	1,051		7	996						
Miscellaneous revenues	52,510	125	, 1,883	4,812	31,681					
Miscellaneous revenues	52,510	125	1,005	4,012	31,001					
Total Revenues	400,281	5,873	33,683	5,808	47,987					
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government	143,638									
Public safety	72,211	20,288	17,101							
Public works	29,974									
Parks, museum and recreation	30,820				11,803					
Economic development	9,934			2,117						
Capital outlay	202,711		6,848		41,672					
Debt service	25,000									
Total Expenditures	514,288	20,288	23,949	2,117	53,475					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(114,007)	(14,415)	9,734	3,691	(5,488)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of assets										
Issuance of long-term debt	111,570				4 000					
Transfers in Transfers out	(20, 206)				1,000					
	(20,296)									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	91,274				1,000					
Net change in fund balance	(22,733)	(14,415)	9,734	3,691	(4,488)					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	377,466	15,856	8,287	6,221	1,626					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 354,733	\$ 1,441	\$ 18,021	\$ 9,912	\$ (2,862)					

	Capita Pro	ject Fi	unds	Debt Service Funds								
	406 Capital		408 25 Street	lmp	305 2018A rovement		307 2020A provement	T	otal Governm	iental		
lm	provement		Project		Bond		Bond		2024		2023	
\$		\$		\$	26,676 10,452	\$	37,121 8,572	\$	217,890 19,713	\$	213,192 11,739	
									3,612 214,991 27,032		2,157 203,784 24,832	
	673 47,500				150		161		150 3,038 138,511		563 2,761 60,277	
	48,173				37,278		45,854		624,937		519,305	
									143,638		111,045	
									109,600		112,456	
									29,974		44,262	
									42,623		40,731	
									12,051		92,235	
	31,210		18,695		20 702		40.000		301,136		143,180	
					30,792		42,092		97,884		71,437	
	31,210		18,695		30,792		42,092		736,906		615,346	
	16,963		(18,695)		6,486		3,762		(111,969)		(96,041)	
									111,570		50,000	
	13,296								14,296 (20,296)		997 (30,997)	
	13,296								105,570		20,000	
	30,259		(18,695)		6,486		3,762		(6,399)		(76,041)	
	199,020				46,203		53,125		707,804		783,845	
\$	229,279	\$	(18,695)	\$	52,689	\$	56,887	\$	701,405	\$	707,804	

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES IN THE FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds - capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest			\$ 701,405
Governmental funds - capital assets \$ Less: Accumulated depreciation \$ Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. \$ Delinquent property taxes \$ Special assessments \$ Loans receivable \$ Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability \$ Net pension asset \$ Accrued compensated absences \$			
Less: Accumulated depreciation Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes \$ Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences	5	5,316,043	
 period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences 	((3,402,679)	
 period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences 			1,913,364
Delinquent property taxes \$ Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability,			
Special assessments Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
Loans receivable Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences	5	9,213	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences		39,143	
net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences		34,119	
net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			82,475
interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
Bonds payable \$ Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences			
Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences	3	(684,570)	
Accrued compensated absences		(22,863)	
•		147,548	
Accrued interest		(4,843)	
_		(9,585)	
			(574,313
Net position of governmental activities (page 4)			\$ 2,122,931

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 9 and 10)			\$ (6,399)
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay	\$	287,665	
Depreciation expense	·	(167,394)	
			120,271
Certain revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable	\$	(279) (11,151) (4,557)	
		(, ,	(15,987)
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligations bonds and related items is as follows. Change in accrued interest Issuance of long-term debt Principal retirement on long-term debt	\$	(3,071) (111,570) 83,000	(31,641)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, net pension liability, and net pension asset - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Change in accrued compensated absences Change in net pension liability Change in net pension asset	\$	1,109 2,701 53,661	 57,471
Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 5 and 6)			\$ 123,715

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Budgeted		2024 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2023 Actual
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Local Taxes					
General tax levy	\$ 157,432	\$ 157,432	\$ 153,945	\$ (3,487)	\$ 151,128
Special Assessments			689	689	716
Licenses and Permits					
Business	1,325	1,325	1,300	(25)	1,300
Nonbusiness	600	600	2,312	1,712	857
Total Licenses and Permits	1,925	1,925	3,612	1,687	2,157
	.,020	.,020		.,	
Intergovernmental Revenues					
Local government aid	148,506	148,506	148,506		137,688
Fire relief aid	-,	-,	14,912	14,912	15,388
Other state aid	38,052	38,052	16,180	(21,872)	19,284
Total Intergovernmental		,	-,		-, -
Revenues	186,558	186,558	179,598	(6,960)	172,360
			- ,	(-,/	,
Charges for Services					
Community center rent	6,000	6,000	8,726	2,726	7,054
					<u>,</u>
Fines and Forfeits					
Court fines	250	250	150	(100)	563
Interest Income	1,400	1,400	1,051	(349)	919
				<u>, </u>	
Miscellaneous Revenues					
Contributions	7,050	7,050	43,357	36,307	19,660
Refunds and reimbursements	1,900	1,900	3,816	1,916	1,321
Other	1,075	1,075	5,337	4,262	2,646
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	10,025	10,025	52,510	42,485	23,627
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 363,590	\$ 363,590	\$ 400,281	\$ 36,691	\$ 358,524

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Original			d Amounts Final		2024 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		2023 Actual mounts
EXPENDITURES										
General Government										
Mayor and Council										
Salaries and benefits	\$	5,550	\$	5,550	\$	5,175	\$	375	\$	5,541
Dues						952		(952)		753
Miscellaneous		900		900		1,029		(129)		1,742
Total Mayor and Council		6,450		6,450		7,156		(706)		8,036
Elections and Voter Registration										
Salaries and benefits						5,331		(5,331)		
General supplies		100		100		645		(545)		
Printing and publishing		250		250		114		136		
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		139		861		
Total Elections and Voter Registration		1,350		1,350		6,229		(4,879)		
City Clerk										
Salaries and benefits		25,850		25,850		29,571		(3,721)		20,612
General supplies		2,000		2,000		1,422		(3,721) 578		20,012
Repair and maintenance		1,200		1,200		211		989		361
Utilities		2,700		2,700		2,244		909 456		2,182
Travel and education		2,700		2,700		2,244		(30)		2,102
		1,250		1,250		30 157		1,093		752
Printing, publishing, and dues Insurance		750		750		4,143		(3,393)		5,158
Capital outlay		750		750		4, 143 1,205		(3,393) (1,205)		5,150
Miscellaneous		1 075		1 075				. ,		1 016
Total City Clerk		1,975 35,725		1,975 35,725		3,918 42,901		(1,943) (7,176)		1,816 34,376
		00,720		00,120		42,001		(1,110)		04,070
Professional Services										
Legal and audit		25,500		25,500		16,540		8,960		14,920
Assessor		1,600		1,600		1,700		(100)		1,591
Other contracted services						2,282		(2,282)		2,408
Total Professional Services		27,100		27,100		20,522		6,578		18,919
Municipal Buildings/City Shed										
Salaries and benefits		4,070		4,070		7,160		(3,090)		6,163
General supplies		200		200		185		15		291
Repair and maintenance		700		700		5,340		(4,640)		2,806
Utilities		4,000		4,000		4,052		(52)		5,521
Insurance		8,700		8,700		1,864		6,836		3,932
Miscellaneous		400		400		7,091		(6,691)		3,867
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000		2,453		2,547		7,562
Total Municipal Buildings/City Shed	\$	23,070	\$	23,070	\$	28,145	\$	(5,075)	\$	30,142

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			2024 Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		2023 Actual		
	Origin	al	F	inal		mounts	(N	legative)	A	mounts
EXPENDITURES										
General Government (Continued)										
Community Center	¢ 0.0	40	¢	2 6 4 0	۴	0.045	۴	(0.475)	¢	2 200
Salaries and benefits	\$ 3,6		\$	3,640	\$	6,815	\$	(3,175)	\$	3,360
General supplies		50		450		413		37		574
Repair and maintenance	1,5			1,500		15,370		(13,870)		4,327
Utilities	1,2	00		1,200		5,098		(3,898)		5,802
	4 5	40		4 5 4 0		5,851		(5,851)		3,756
Miscellaneous	4,5			4,540		965		3,575		3,637
Capital outlay	12,0			2,000		7,250		4,750		74,538
Total Community Center	23,3	30	2	3,330		41,762		(18,432)		95,994
City Promotion										
Miscellaneous	4,0	00		4,000		7,831		(3,831)		5,678
Capital outlay	4,0	00		4,000		7,001		(0,001)		12,197
Total City Promotion	4,0	00		4,000		7,831		(3,831)		17,875
Total General Government	121,0			1,025		154,546		(33,521)		205.342
	121,0		12	1,025		104,040		(33,321)		200,042
Public Safety Law Enforcement										
Contractual services	48,0	00	Δ	8,000		22,265		25,735		24,000
			-	0,000		22,200		20,700		24,000
Fire Protection										
Salaries and benefits	6,5	00		6,500		11,506		(5,006)		10,843
City fire relief contribution	2,7	00		2,700		1,400		1,300		1,350
Fire relief aid						14,912		(14,912)		15,388
Motor fuel	9	00		900		752		148		334
Repair and maintenance	10,3	00	1	0,300		4,217		6,083		9,918
Professional services	1,1	00		1,100		1,594		(494)		3,314
Utilities	3,6	50		3,650		3,068		582		3,263
Insurance	4,0	00		4,000		2,095		1,905		3,836
Travel and education	2,0	00		2,000		2,864		(864)		1,808
Capital outlay	7	50		750		11,712		(10,962)		
Miscellaneous	6	50		650		6,521		(5,871)		1,053
Total Fire Protection	32,5	50	3	2,550		60,641		(28,091)		51,107
Civil Defense										
Professional services						228		(228)		
Utilities	1	50		150		220		150		85
Insurance		50		350		276		74		00
Capital outlay	0			000		15,312		(15,312)		
Miscellaneous						513		(13,512) (513)		406
Total Civil Defense	5	00 -		500		16,329		(15,829)		491
				000		10,023		(10,023)		-101
Total Public Safety	\$ 81,0	50	\$8	1,050	\$	99,235	\$	(18,185)	\$	75,598

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

			2024	Variance with Final Budget -	2023
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive	Actual
EXPENDITURES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Public Works					
Streets and Highways					
Salaries and benefits	\$ 19,940	\$ 19,940	\$ 11,913	\$ 8,027	\$ 12,220
Motor fuels	1,750	1,750	¢ 11,818 824	¢ 0,027 926	1,067
Repair and maintenance	2,025	2,025	7,887	(5,862)	22,818
Utilities	9,000	9,000	7,968	1,032	7,992
Insurance	-,	-,	1,103	(1,103)	.,
Miscellaneous	3.000	3,000	279	2,721	165
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	26,894	(6,894)	3,203
Total Public Works	55,715	55,715	56,868	(1,153)	47,465
Park and Recreation	1,000	1,000	3,100	(2,100)	3,508
Recreation	1,000	1,000	3,100	(2,100)	3,506
Park					
Salaries and benefits	11,900	11,900	16,042	(4,142)	10,428
Motor fuel	1,500	1,500	1,110	390	900
Repair and maintenance	1,500	1,500	4,121	(2,621)	3,052
Insurance	500	500	487	13	355
Utilities	500	500	134	366	950
Tree removal	10,000	10,000	4,724	5,276	5,957
Capital outlay	45,000	45,000	26,315	18,685	7,100
Miscellaneous			1,102	(1,102)	56
Total Park	70,900	70,900	54,035	16,865	28,798
Total Park and Recreation	71,900	71,900	57,135	14,765	32,306
Economic Development					
Debt service	25,000	25,000	25,000		
Capital outlay	-,	-,	111,570	(111,570)	
Professional services	1,900	1,900	9,934	(8,034)	1,900
Total Economic Development	26,900	26,900	146,504	(119,604)	1,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	356,590	356,590	514,288	(157,698)	362,611
			011,200	(101,000)	002,011
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUE					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,000	7,000	(114,007)	(121,007)	(4,087)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of long-term debt			111,570	111,570	
Transfers out	(7,000)	(7,000)	(20,296)	(13,296)	(30,997)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,000)	(7,000)	91,274	98,274	(30,997)
Net change in fund balance			(22,733)	(22,733)	(35,084)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	377,466	377,466	377,466		412,550
FUND BALANCE - Ending	\$ 377,466	\$ 377,466	\$ 354,733	\$ (22,733)	\$ 377,466

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FIRST RESPONDERS FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

REVENUES	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	2024 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2023 Actual Amounts
Property taxes	\$	\$	\$ 148	\$ 148	\$ 6,533
Interest Income					42
Intergovernmental Revenue First responders contracts	5,598	5,598	5,600	2	5,582
Miscellaneous Revenues Contributions			125	125	4,950
TOTAL REVENUES	5,598	5,598	5,873	275	17,107
EXPENDITURES					
Public Safety Salaries and benefits Insurance General supplies Repair and maintenance Fuels and lubricants Travel, schools, conferences Communication Professional services Miscellaneous	2,500 900 500 598 1,000 100	2,500 900 500 598 1,000 100	3,451 328 289 1,124 76 240 5,995 8,746 39	(951) 572 211 (526) (76) 760 (5,995) (8,646) (39)	2,358 886 536 5,389 94 1,000 7,813
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,598	5,598	20,288	(14,690)	18,076
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			(14,415)	(14,415)	(969)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	15,856	15,856	15,856		16,825
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 15,856	\$ 15,856	\$ 1,441	\$ (14,415)	\$ 15,856

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RURAL FIRE FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

REVENUES	Budgeted A Original			Amounts Final		2024 Actual Amounts		ance with al Budget Positive legative)	2023 Actual Amounts
Charges for Services Fire calls	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,000	\$ 1,444
Intergovernmental Revenue Fire contracts Other state aid Total Intergovernmental Revenue		27,393 27,393		27,393 27,393		27,393 2,400 29,793		2,400 2,400	25,842
Interest Income						7		7	24
Miscellaneous Revenues Contributions						1,883		1,883	600
TOTAL REVENUES		28,393		28,393		33,683		5,290	27,910
EXPENDITURES Public Safety Salaries and benefits City fire relief aid Insurance Communication Repair and maintenance Utilities Fuels and lubricants Travel, schools, conferences Professional services Miscellaneous Capital outlay		6,100 4,000 750 9,000 650 900 3,000 900 593 2,500		6,100 4,000 750 9,000 650 900 3,000 900 593 2,500		1,910 1,400 3,750 2,703 1,332 1,433 529 1,450 2,404 190 6,848		4,190 (1,400) 250 (1,953) 7,668 (783) 371 1,550 (1,504) 403 (4,348)	167 1,350 3,836 5,891 2,047 258 1,188 3,914 131 17,290
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		28,393		28,393		23,949		4,444	36,072
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE						9,734		9,734	(8,162)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		8,287		8,287		8,287			16,449
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	8,287	\$	8,287	\$	18,021	\$	9,734	\$ 8,287

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
	Water	Sewer	Storm Sewer		tals					
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2024	2023					
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 143,659	\$ 136,177	\$ 15,215	\$ 295,051	\$ 283,378					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		11,928		11,928	34,913					
Accounts receivable	8,747	18,284	464	27,495	27,433					
Total Current Assets	152,406	166,389	15,679	334,474	345,724					
Capital Assets										
Building	17,876	2,876,387		2,894,263	2,894,263					
Improvements	1,369,757	170,178		1,539,935	1,539,935					
Machinery and equipment	60,088	95,167		155,255	95,300					
Total	1,447,721	3,141,732		4,589,453	4,529,498					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	798,576	874,549		1,673,125	1,582,723					
Capital Assets, Net	649,145	2,267,183		2,916,328	2,946,775					
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows from pension activity	451	79		530	546					
Deletted outliows from pension activity	401			550	540					
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED										
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 802,002	\$ 2,433,651	\$ 15,679	\$ 3,251,332	\$ 3,293,045					
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities										
	\$ 2,120	\$ 9,068	\$	\$ 11,188	\$ 5,041					
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	φ 2,120 283	р 9,000	Φ	۵۵ عدار م 283	\$ 5,041 424					
Accrued compensated absences	163	163		326	424 778					
Customer deposits	17,438	105		17,438	17,646					
Bonds payable - current	28,000	23,000		51,000	51,000					
Total Current Liabilities	48,004	32,231		80,235	74,889					
	-10,001	02,201		00,200	14,000					
Long-Term Liabilities										
Net pension liability	691	111		802	1,179					
Bonds payable - noncurrent	28,000	1,026,000		1,054,000	1,105,000					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	28,691	1,026,111		1,054,802	1,106,179					
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred inflows from pension activity	352	106		458	315					
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	593,145	1,218,183		1,811,328	1,790,775					
Restricted	000, 140	11,928		11,928	34,913					
Unrestricted	131,810	145,092	15,679	292,581	285,974					
Total Net Position	724,955	1,375,203	15,679	2,115,837	2,111,662					
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 802,002	\$ 2,433,651	\$ 15,679	\$ 3,251,332	\$ 3,293,045					

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
	Water	Sewer	Storm Sewer	Totals						
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2024	2023					
Operating Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 101,186	\$ 203,530	\$ 5,439	\$ 310,155	\$ 319,813					
Operating Expenses										
Salaries and benefits	9,839	9,305		19,144	20,032					
Contractual services	14,958	64,270		79,228	74,283					
Chemicals	668	29,205		29,873	29,688					
General supplies	1,565	1,947		3,512	3,544					
Repairs and maintenance	6,138	5,977		12,115	16,041					
Utilities	7,251	25,290		32,541	38,658					
Insurance	1,507	6,506		8,013	7,650					
Depreciation	27,218	81,420		108,638	105,028					
Miscellaneous	645	525		1,170	1,266					
Total Operating Expenses	69,789	224,445		294,234	296,190					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	31,397	(20,915)	5,439	15,921	23,623					
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
Interest income	424	432		856	784					
Bond interest and charges	(1,035)	(28,140)		(29,175)	(30,405)					
Connection fees	50			50	50					
Loss on disposal of assets	(24)	(2,655)		(2,679)						
Miscellaneous	987	12,215		13,202	1,221					
Total Nonoperating Revenues										
(Expenses)	402	(18,148)		(17,746)	(28,350)					
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	31,799	(39,063)	5,439	(1,825)	(4,727)					
Transfers out	(10,000)			(10,000)	(17,000)					
Transfers in		16,000		16,000	47,000					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	21,799	(23,063)	5,439	4,175	25,273					
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	703,156	1,398,266	10,240	2,111,662	2,086,389					
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 724,955	\$ 1,375,203	\$ 15,679	\$ 2,115,837	\$ 2,111,662					

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer	Stor	m Sewer	Totals			
		Fund		Fund	Fund			2024		2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities										
Cash received from customers	\$	101,035	\$	203,619	\$	5,439	\$	310,093	\$	316,492
Cash paid to suppliers		(32,006)		(130,102)				(162,108)		(170,657)
Cash paid to employees		(9,317)		(8,902)				(18,219)	-	(18,211)
Net Cash Provided By										
Operating Activities		59,712		64,615		5,439		129,766		127,624
Cash Flows From Noncapital and										
Related Financing Activities										
Cash received from other sources		987		12,215				13,202		1,221
Transfers in (out) from other funds		(10,000)		16,000				6,000		30,000
Connection fees		50						50		50
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital										
and Related Financing Activities		(8,963)		28,215				19,252		31,271
Cash Flows From Capital and										
Related Financing Activities										
Principal paid on bonds		(28,000)		(23,000)				(51,000)		(67,000)
Interest paid on bonds		(1,176)		(28,140)				(29,316)		(30,693)
Additions to capital assets		(42,885)		(37,985)				(80,870)		(12,880)
Net Cash Used In Capital and Related										
Financing Activities		(72,061)		(89,125)				(161,186)		(110,573)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities										
Interest earnings		424		432				856		784
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash										
and Cash Equivalents		(20,888)		4,137		5,439		(11,312)		49,106
Cash and Cash Equivalents,		101 517		440.000		0 770		040.004		000 405
Beginning of Year		164,547		143,968	_	9,776		318,291	_	269,185
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	143,659	\$	148,105	\$	15,215	\$	306,979	\$	318,291
Classified as:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	143,659	\$	136,177	\$	15,215	\$	295,051	\$	283,378
Restricted cash and cash equivalents				11,928				11,928		34,913
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	143,659	\$	148,105	\$	15,215	\$	306,979	\$	318,291
2.12 5. 100	Ť	110,000	Ť	110,100	Ψ	10,210	Ÿ	000,010	Ψ	510,201

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operations

	Enterprise Funds										
	Water		Sewer		Storm Sewer		Totals				
		Fund		Fund		Fund		2024		2023	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	31,397	\$	(20,915)	\$	5,439	\$	15,921	\$	23,623	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income											
(loss) to net cash provided by											
operating activities:											
Depreciation		27,218		81,420				108,638		105,028	
Change in net pension liability		(139)		(79)				(218)		(477)	
(Increase) Decrease In:											
Accounts receivable		(151)		89				(62)		(3,321)	
Increase (Decrease) In:											
Accounts payable		1,821		4,326				6,147		1,108	
Accrued compensated absences		(226)		(226)				(452)		778	
Customer deposits		(208)						(208)		885	
Net Cash Provided By											
Operating Activities	\$	59,712	\$	64,615	\$	5,439	\$	129,766	\$	127,624	
CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 of the City's financial statements include the primary government and the component units of the City of Wykoff, defined as follows:

Primary Government - Includes all funds, account groups, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, or offices which are not legally separate from the City of Wykoff.

Component Units - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City of Wykoff are financially accountable or for which the nature or significance of their relationship with the City of Wykoff would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, there are no component units of the City of Wykoff.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transaction, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Unearned revenue is recorded when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants received before eligibility requirements other than time requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Grants received before time requirements are met are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The First Responders fund accounts for activities of the first responder service.

The Rural Fire fund accounts for the activities of the volunteer fire department.

The *Revolving Loan fund* accounts for the disbursement and collection of revolving loans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Historical fund accounts for the activities of the jailhouse and museum.

The Capital Improvement fund accounts for all major capital improvements of the City.

The 2025 Street Project fund accounts for the construction related to the City's street project.

The 2018A Improvement Bond fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the improvement bonds.

The 2020A Improvement Bond fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the improvement bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water fund accounts for the operation of the City owned water utility system.

The Sewer fund accounts for the operation of the City owned sewer utility system.

The Storm Sewer fund accounts for the operation of the City owned storm sewer system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for the general fund and all special revenue funds with the exception of the Revolving Loan Fund and Historical fund, which adopt project length budgets. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year by council action and may be amended by formal council action. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Except where otherwise required, the City maintains all deposits in accounts in the name of the City. The deposits are invested on a short-term basis with interest income allocated to each fund based upon their relative account balance. The balances shown in each fund represents an equity interest in the commingled pool of cash and cash equivalents which is under the management of the City.

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance restricted account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property Taxes

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in October of each year and are certified to the County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, following, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenues for property taxes are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts normally during the months of July and December.

Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The amount of delinquent taxes receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund types because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Special Assessments

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for property owner improvements made by the City. Assessment collections are deferred over periods ranging from ten to fifteen years with interest charges ranging from 3.25% to 5%. Revenue from these assessments is recognized as the annual installments become collectible. Annual installments not collected as of each December 31 are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The amount of delinquent assessments receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the Governmental Fund Types because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested debt proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant, and equipment are capitalized when acquired, and depreciation is provided using the straight-line method applied over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	Useful Life
	<u>in Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 40
Improvements	5 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	2 - 20

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective January 1, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), etc. These financial statements do not include the historical cost or related depreciation of infrastructure constructed prior to 2004.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which expose the City to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash investments and accounts and loans receivable. The City's accounts and loans receivable are concentrated geographically, as for the most part, amounts are due from individuals residing in and businesses located in the City of Wykoff, Minnesota.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Net Position / Fund Balance

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount includes all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City Council through formal action and remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council, by majority vote, may assigned fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The council also delegates the power to assign fund balances to the following: clerk-treasurer.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When expenditures are made, the City uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Compensated Absences

Vacation is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Qualified employees accrue vacation at varying rates, which portions may be carried over to future years. The City compensates employees upon termination for a maximum of 120 hours of unused vacation time. The change in compensated absences is a net increase or decrease each year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has one type of deferred outflow which is pension related and reported on the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognized two types of deferred inflows. The first type occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The second type is pension related and reported on the statement of net position.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2023 financial statement have been reclassified to conform to the 2024 presentation.

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting for reporting a liability for certain types of leave (compensated absences). Under this Statement, government organizations are required to recognize a liability for employee's compensated absences if the leave is attributable to employee's services already rendered, if the leave accumulates, or if it is more likely than not to be used for time off or paid in cash upon separation. The liability is measured using an employee's rate of pay at the date of the financial statements. The liability and associated expense are reported in the financial statements. The Statement has been implemented and there was no impact on the City in 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of December 31, 2024, the City's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following items, all of which are held in an internal investment pool:

Cash on hand Deposits	\$ 100 1,007,817
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,007,917
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Statement of Net Position Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Statement of Net Position	\$ 995,989 11,928
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,007,917

Investments Authorized by Minnesota Statues

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes to invest idle funds as follows:

- (a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- (b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- (c) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- (d) Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- (e) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- (f) Repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a reporting dealer to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- (g) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Collateralization of Cash Deposits

The City's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial banks in the City's name.

Minnesota Statues require that all City deposits be insured, secured by surety bonds, or be collateralized. Except for notes secured by first mortgages of future maturity, the market value of collateral pledged by the custodial bank must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes certain state of local government obligations and legal investments. Minnesota Statues also require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the Treasurer, or in a financial institution other than the institution furnishing the collateral.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
 - Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets
 - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability

• Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

There were no assets which were required to be measured at fair value by the City at December 31, 2024 or 2023.

3. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Fund	•	Fillmore County			
General First Responders Rural Fire Debt Service	\$	17,089 2,910 15,614 1,213			
	\$	36,826			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Capital Assets

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 74,014	\$ 111,570	\$	\$ 185,584
Construction in progress		64,989		64,989
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	74,014	176,559		250,573
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	469,859			469,859
Improvements	3,335,526	53,279	19,861	3,368,944
Machinery and equipment	1,185,755	57,827	16,915	1,226,667
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,991,140	111,106	36,776	5,065,470
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	345,272	12,624		357,896
Improvements	2,189,126	89,081	16,915	2,261,292
Machinery and equipment	737,663	65,689	19,861	783,491
Total accumulated depreciation	3,272,061	167,394	36,776	3,402,679
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,719,079	(56,288)		1,662,791
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,793,093	\$ 120,271	\$	\$ 1,913,364

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 18,211
Public safety	44,435
Public works	100,685
Parks, museum and recreation	 4,063
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 167,394

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Deeroegee	Ending Balance
Business Type Activities	Dalance	Increases	Decreases	Dalance
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 2,894,263	\$	\$	\$ 2,894,263
Improvements	1,539,935	Ψ	Ψ	1,539,935
Machinery and equipment	95,300	80,870	20,915	155,255
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,529,498	80,870	20,915	4,589,453
	<u> </u>	,		· · ·
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	639,067	71,371		710,438
Improvements	909,827	25,007		934,834
Machinery and equipment	33,829	12,260	18,236	27,853
Total accumulated depreciation	1,582,723	108,638	18,236	1,673,125
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,946,775	(27,768)	2,679	2,916,328
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,946,775	\$ (27,768)	\$ 2,679	\$ 2,916,328
Business Type Activities: Water Sewer			\$ 27,218 81,420	
Total depreciation expense -	\$ 108,638	=		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt

The Long-Term debt obligations outstanding and related maturities and interest rates are summarized in the schedule of bonds payable.

General Obligation Improvement Bonds:

The bonds are payable primarily from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements and/or ad valorem tax levies. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

General Obligation Revenue Bonds:

The Drinking Water Revenue Bonds are payable primarily from the revenues generated through charges to customers for water service. They are recorded as liabilities in the Water Enterprise Fund and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The Sewer Revenue Bonds are payable primarily from the revenues generated through charges to customers for sewer service. They are recorded as liabilities in the Sewer Enterprise Fund and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Contract for Deed:

The contract for deed is related to purchase of land for \$111,570 with 4.5% interest rate over 4 years.

A summary of interest rates, maturities and December 31, 2024 balances are as follows:

	Range of Interest Rates	-		Balance nber 31, 2024
Governmental Activities		-		
General Obligation Improvement Bond:				
2018A Improvement Note	3.90%	2/1/2029	\$	136,000
2020A Improvement Note	1.90%	2/1/2036		462,000
2024 Contract for Deed	4.50%	1/15/2028		86,570
Compensated Absences				4,843
Business-Type Activities General Obligation Revenue Bonds:				
2015A Sewer Revenue Bond	2.625%	1/1/2055		470,000
2015B Sewer Revenue Bond	2.625%	1/1/2055		579,000
Notes Payable:				
2007 Drinking Water PFA Loan	1.40%	8/20/2026		56,000
Compensated Absences				326
То	tal Long Term Debt		\$	1,794,739

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt obligations for the year ended December 31, 2024.

		Beginning Balance		Additions	Re	eductions	 Ending Balance	Du	mounts e Within ne Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Obligation Improvement Bonds:									
2018A Improvement Note	\$	161,000	\$		\$	25,000	\$ 136,000	\$	25,000
2020A Improvement Note		495,000				33,000	462,000		33,000
Contract for Deed				111,570		25,000	86,570		21,104
Compensated Absences		5,952				1,109	 4,843		4,843
Governmental Activities									
Long-term Liabilities		661,952		111,570		84,109	 689,413		83,947
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Bonds and Notes Payable:									
General Obligation Revenue Bonds:									
2015A Sewer Revenue Bond		480,000				10,000	470,000		10,000
2015B Sewer Revenue Bond		592,000				13,000	579,000		13,000
Notes Payable:									
2007 Drinking Water PFA Loan		84,000				28,000	56,000		28,000
Compensated Absences		778				452	 326		326
Business-type Activities									
Long-term Liabilities	1	,156,778				51,452	 1,105,326		51,326
Total	\$ 1	,818,730	\$	111,570	\$	135,561	\$ 1,794,739	\$	135,273

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2024, excluding accrued compensated absences over the life of the debt, are summarized below:

		General Improvem			General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds			Contract for Deed				
Years	F	Principal	Interest	F	Principal		Interest	Р	rincipal		Interest	 Total
Governmental Activities	_											
2025	\$	58,000	\$ 13,281	\$		\$		\$	21,104	\$	3,896	\$ 96,281
2026		61,000	11,631						22,054		2,946	97,631
2027		62,000	9,923						23,046		1,954	96,923
2028		64,000	8,175						20,366		916	93,457
2029		66,000	6,370									72,370
2030-2034		200,000	17,955									217,955
2035-2036		87,000	1,663									88,663
	\$	598,000	\$ 68,996	\$		\$		\$	86,570	\$	9,712	\$ 763,278
Business-Type Activities												
2025	\$		\$	\$	51,000	\$	28,320	\$		\$		\$ 79,320
2026					52,000		27,325					79,325
2027					25,000		26,302					51,302
2028					25,000		25,717					50,717
2029					26,000		24,990					50,990
2030-2034					140,000		114,407					254,407
2035-2039					161,000		94,974					255,974
2040-2044					182,000		72,818					254,818
2045-2049					207,000		47,509					254,509
2050-2054					236,000		18,884					254,884
	\$		\$	\$	1,105,000	\$	481,246	\$		\$		\$ 1,586,246

6. Individual Fund Disclosures

The amounts due to and due from other funds as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Funds	e To ⁻ Funds	Due From Other Funds		
General	\$	\$	22,210	
First Responders	1,435			
Historical	2,722			
2025 Street Project	 18,053			
	\$ 22,210	\$	22,210	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Individual Fund Disclosures

Operating transfers, at the individual fund level, were as follows:

Funds	sfers n	Transfers Out			
General	\$ \$	20,296			
Historical	1,000				
Capital Improvement	13,296				
Water		10,000			
Sewer	 16,000				
	\$ 30,296 \$	30,296			

The City generally utilizes interfund transfers and balances due to and due from for cash flow purposes.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations, all the result of a planned process, were as follows:

General First Responders	\$ 157,698 14,690
The following funds had a deficit fund balance at year end:	
Historical Fund 2025 Street Project	\$ 2,862 18,695

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. Fund Balance

The City uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The following is a summary of committed fund balances as of December 31, 2024 with comparative totals for December 31, 2023:

	First Responders				2024 Total	2023 Total	
Equipment First responders activities Economic development Fire Emergency disaster Total	\$ 1,441 \$ 1,441	\$ 18,021 \$ 18,021	\$ 9,912 \$ 9,912	\$ 229,279 \$ 229,279	\$ 18,021 1,441 9,912 229,279 \$ 258,653	\$ 8,287 15,856 6,221 198,211 809 \$ 229,384	

8. Commitments and Contingencies

The City participates in various federal and state agency assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The City does not anticipate any audit adjustments or disallowed program expenditures that would-be material in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide

Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). These plan provisions are established and administered according to Minnesota Statutes chapters 353, 353D, 353E, 353G, and 356. Minnesota Statutes chapter 356 defines each plan's financial reporting requirements. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (General Plan)

Membership in the General Plan includes employees of counties, cities, townships, schools in non-certified positions, and other governmental entities whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, or assessments. Plan membership is required for any employee who is expected to earn more than \$425 in a month, unless the employee meets exclusion criteria.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. When a member is "vested," they have earned enough service credit to receive a lifetime monthly benefit after leaving public service and reaching an eligible retirement age. Members who retire at or over their Social Security full retirement age with at least one year of service qualify for a retirement benefit.

General Employees Plan requires three years of service to vest. Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of the Step of Level formulas. Only the Level formula is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under the Step formula, General Plan members receive 1.2 percent of the highest average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under the Level formula, General Plan members receive 1.7 percent of the highest average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full retirement benefit is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. Members can receive a reduced requirement benefit as early as age 55 if they have three or more years of service. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 0.25 percent for each month under age 65. Members with 30 or more years of service can retire at any age with a reduction of 0.25 percent for each month the member is younger than age 62. The Level formula allows General Plan members to receive a full retirement benefit at age 65 if they were first hired before July 1, 1989 or at age 66 if they were hired on or after July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 55 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. The 2024 annual increase was 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353, 353E, and 356 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for General Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$3,967. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$23,106 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$597.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,106
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the City	 597
Total	\$ 23,703

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0006 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0005 percent for the beginning of the period.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of (\$2,919) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional (\$11) as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$170.1 million to the General Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the General Employees Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$170.1 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The City recognized \$1,021 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the General Employees Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	2,007	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		72		7,466
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				7,209
Changes in proportion		9,201		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,908		
Total	\$	14,188	\$	14,675

The \$2,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense				
Year ending December 31:	Amount				
2025	\$	(2,285)			
2026		1,589			
2027		(929)			
2028		(1,770)			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
Total	100%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, using the entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used to determine of the total liability is 7.0 percent. The 7% assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates considered reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent is within that range.

- Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.
- Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The General Employees Plan was last reviewed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2024:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2024 was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis								
Net Pension Liability at Different Discount Rates								
General Employees Fund								
1% Lower	6.00%	\$	50,466					
Current Discount Rate	7.00%	\$	23,106					
1% Higher	8.00%	\$	599					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Volunteer Fire Relief Association

The Wykoff Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association has not had an actuarial study performed. The Association believes the funding status determined using the calculation required by the Minnesota State Auditor is sufficient to determine the reportable amounts under GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Plan Description

The City contributes to the City of Wykoff Volunteer Fire Relief Association ("Association"), a single employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrator for the City's firefighters.

Volunteer firefighters of the City are members of the Wykoff Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association. Association members are eligible to receive a lump sum pension benefit of \$1,600 per person per year of service after reaching a minimum retirement age of 50 and at least 20 years of service with 20 years of membership in the association. Association members are eligible to receive partial pension benefits for service of 10 to 20 years with 10 years of membership in the association. Partial vesting begins at 60% in the tenth year and increases 4% per year of additional service until fully vested. These benefit provisions are consistent with enabling State statutes. Volunteers of the department are not required to contribute to the relief association. The City levies property taxes at the direction of and for the benefit of the fire relief association and passes through state aids allocated to the plan, all in accordance with enabling state statutes. During 2024, at the Association direction, the City did not levy any property taxes to be paid to the Association.

Related Party Investments

During 2024 and as of December 31, 2024, the Association held no securities issued by the City.

Funding Status and Progress

At December 31, 2023 the Association funding status is as follows:

Net position available for benefits Total accrued pension liability	\$ 385,834 (238,286)
Net position in excess of accrued pension liability	\$ 147,548

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Volunteer Fire Relief Association

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Financial requirements of the Association are determined on a computation based on member years of service. The City's minimum obligation is the financial requirement for the year less Association investment earnings and State aids. The funding strategy should provide sufficient resources to pay relief association benefits on a timely basis. The City was not obligated to make a contribution in 2024, but did make a voluntary contribution of \$1,400.

The computation of the pension contribution requirements for 2024 was based on the same assumptions, benefit provision, lump sum funding method, and other significant factors used to determine pension contributions requirements in previous years.

Ten-Year Historical Trend Information

Ten-year historical trend information related to the pension plan is unavailable.

11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries insurance for liability, property, employee health and automotive insurance through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT).

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There were no reductions in insurance coverage in 2024. Coverage amounts on these insurance policies are as follows:

Employee Theft:

Clerk/Treasurer	\$ 75,000
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All Others 25,000

The City participates in a group workers' compensation plan of the LMCIT, which is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member Minnesota Cities. All cities participating in the plan are jointly and severally liable for all claims and expenses of the plan. The LMCIT workers' compensation plan is self-sustaining based on the premiums charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on those contributions will be sufficient to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses of the plan. The LMCIT plan participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage of \$100,000 per claim for plan year 2024. The amount of any liability in excess of plan assets may be assessed to participating Cities in method and amount determined by the LMCIT.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2024

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA Schedule of City Pension Contributions PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

			Coi	ntributions in					
	Sta	atutorily	F	Relation to				Contributions as	
	Re	equired	S	Statutorily	Contribution			a Percentage of	
Year Ended	Con	tribution		Required	Deficiency	Cove	red Payroll	Covered Payroll	
 December 31		(a)	Cor	ntribution (b)	(Excess) (a-b)		(d)	(b/d)	
2015	\$	6,694	\$	6,694	\$	\$	89,253	7.50%	
2016		6,874		6,874			91,653	7.50%	
2017		4,682		4,682			62,427	7.50%	
2018		2,788		2,788			37,173	7.50%	
2019		2,319		2,319			30,920	7.50%	
2020		2,804		2,804			37,387	7.50%	
2021		2,424		2,424			32,320	7.50%	
2022		2,357		2,357			31,427	7.50%	
2023		2,857		2,857			38,093	7.50%	
2024		3,967		3,967			52,893	7.50%	

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA Schedule of City and Non-Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

	Employer's	Employer's	State's	Proportionate Share		Employer's	Plan
	Proportionate	Proportionate	Proportionate	of the Net Pension		Proportionate	Fiduciary
	Share	Share	Share (Amount)	Liability and the		Share of the Net	Net Position
	(Percentage)	(Amount) of	of the Net	State's		Pension Liability	as a
Fiscal	of Net	the Net	Pension	Proportionate Share		(Asset) as a	Percentage
Year	Pension	Pension	Liability	of the Net Pension		Percentage of its	of the Total
Ended	Liability	Liability	Associated	Liability Associated	Covered	Covered Payroll	Pension
June 30	(Asset)	(Asset) (a)	with the City (b)	with the City (a+b)	Payroll (c)	(a+b)/c	Liability
2015	0.0015%	\$ 77,738	\$	\$ 77,738	\$ 73,351	106.0%	78.20%
2016	0.0015%	121,793	1,570	123,363	90,453	136.4%	68.90%
2017	0.0010%	63,839	778	64,617	77,040	83.9%	75.90%
2018	0.0006%	33,286	1,057	34,343	49,800	69.0%	79.53%
2019	0.0004%	22,115	833	22,948	34,047	67.4%	80.23%
2020	0.0005%	29,977	897	30,874	34,153	90.4%	79.06%
2021	0.0004%	17,082	633	17,715	34,853	50.8%	87.00%
2022	0.0004%	31,680	902	32,582	31,873	102.2%	76.67%
2023	0.0005%	27,959	750	28,709	34,760	82.6%	83.10%
2024	0.0006%	23,106	597	23,703	45,493	52.1%	89.08%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2024

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2024

2007 Drinking Water PFA Loan

Payment Year	Principal		Interest	Rate	Total	
2025 2026	\$	28,000 28,000	\$ 784 392	1.40% 1.40%	\$	28,784 28,392
	\$	56,000	\$ 1,176		\$	57,176

General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds of 2015A

Payment					
Year	F	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total
2025	\$	10,000	\$ 12,337	2.625%	\$ 22,337
2026		11,000	12,075	2.625%	23,075
2027		11,000	11,786	2.625%	22,786
2028		11,000	11,529	2.625%	22,529
2029		12,000	11,209	2.625%	23,209
2030-2034		63,000	51,268	2.625%	114,268
2035-2039		72,000	42,523	2.625%	114,523
2040-2044		81,000	32,664	2.625%	113,664
2045-2049		93,000	21,325	2.625%	114,325
2050-2054		106,000	8,484	2.625%	114,484
	\$	470,000	\$ 215,200		\$ 685,200

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2024

General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds of 2015B

Payment								
Year	F	Principal		Interest	Rate		Total	
2025	\$	13,000	\$	15,199	2.6259	6\$	28,199	
2026		13,000		14,858	2.6259	6	27,858	
2027		14,000		14,516	2.625	6	28,516	
2028		14,000		14,188	2.625	6	28,188	
2029		14,000		13,781	2.625	6	27,781	
2030-2034		77,000		63,139	2.625	6	140,139	
2035-2039		89,000		52,451	2.625	6	141,451	
2040-2044		101,000		40,154	2.625	6	141,154	
2045-2049		114,000		26,184	2.625	6	140,184	
2050-2054	,	130,000		10,400	2.6259	/o	140,400	
	\$	579,000	\$	264,870		\$	843,870	

General Obligation Improvement Note Bonds of 2018A

Payment								
Year	Principal		Interest		Rate		Total	
2025	\$	25,000	\$	4,817	3.9	900%	\$	29,817
2026		27,000		3,803	3.9	900%		30,803
2027		27,000		2,750	3.9	900%		29,750
2028		28,000		1,677	3.9	900%		29,677
2029		29,000		566	3.9	900%		29,566
	\$	136,000	\$	13,611			\$	149,611

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2024

General Obligation Improvement Note Bonds of 2020A

Payment						
Year	F	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total	
2025	\$	33,000 \$	\$ 8,464	1.900%	\$ 41,464	
2026		34,000	7,828	1.900%	41,828	
2027		35,000	7,173	1.900%	42,173	
2028		36,000	6,498	1.900%	42,498	
2029		37,000	5,804	1.900%	42,804	
2030-2034		200,000	17,955	1.900%	217,955	
2035-2036		87,000	1,663	1.900%	88,663	
	•	400.000			¢ 547.005	
	\$	462,000	\$ 55,385		\$ 517,385	

2024 Contract for Deed

Payment				
Year	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total
2025	\$ 21,104	\$ 3,896	4.50%	\$ 25,000
2026	22,054	2,946	4.50%	25,000
2027	23,046	1,954	4.50%	25,000
2028	20,366	916	4.50%	21,282
	\$ 86,570	\$ 9,712		\$ 96,282

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS

DECEMBER 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wykoff, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses as finding 2008-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wykoff, Minnesota

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Wykoff, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

City of Wykoff, Minnesota's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses. The City of Wykoff, Minnesota's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smith, Schape and associates, Led.

Rochester, Minnesota February 6, 2025

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

FINDING – 2008-001 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS (GAAP) AND SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

- Condition: A City of this size has an inherent limitation in its ability to effectively segregate its accounting duties and to prepare annual full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It would not be practical for City to devote the resources required to overcome this limitation. The potential exists that a material disclosure could be omitted from the financial statements and not be prevented or detected by the City's internal controls.
- Criteria: The City should have controls in place to prevent or detect the omission of a material disclosure in the annual financial statements. An important element of internal controls is an adequate segregation of duties that minimizes the opportunities for any one individual to be in a position to both perpetuate and conceal errors or irregularities in the normal course of business.
- Context: Because of the limited size of the City's administrative staff, there is not an adequate segregation of duties. The City has informed us they will continue to rely upon the audit firm to prepare the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and will review and approve these prior to the issuance of the financial statements.
- Effect: No effect on the financial statements.
- Cause: There is a limited number of administrative staff. The City does not have the expertise to draft the notes to the financial statements; however, they have reviewed and approved the annual financial statements as prepared by the audit firm.
- Recommendation: We recommend the City continue to segregate duties as best it can within the limits of what the City considers to be cost beneficial and to evaluate their internal staff and expertise to determine if further controls over the annual financial reporting are beneficial.

Views of Responsible

Officials and Planned

Corrective Action: Management agrees with the recommendation. See corresponding Corrective Action Plan.

CURRENT STATUS:

The finding recurred in 2024.

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217 NORTH GOLD STREET . P.O. BOX 218 . WYKOFF, MN 55990-0218 . 507-352-4011

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

The City respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The finding from the schedule of prior year findings and responses is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

RESPONSE: FINDING 2008-001

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The management and accounting personnel review the drafted financial statements and notes. The City does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by GAAP are included in the financial statements. Accordingly, the City will rely upon the auditors for completeness of the disclosures. However, the management and accounting personnel will review the notes for accuracy prior to issuance of the statements. The City will continue to evaluate assignment of duties and implement segregation whenever it is practical.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Rebecca Schmidt, Clerk-Treasurer, is the official responsible for ensuring the planned responses.

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Not applicable as the City is willing to accept this risk at this time and will continue to evaluate the recommendation.

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Ryan Breckenridge, Mayor, will ensure the review by the Clerk-Treasurer has been completed. He will do this through discussion with the Clerk-Treasurer and reviewing the draft of the financial statements.