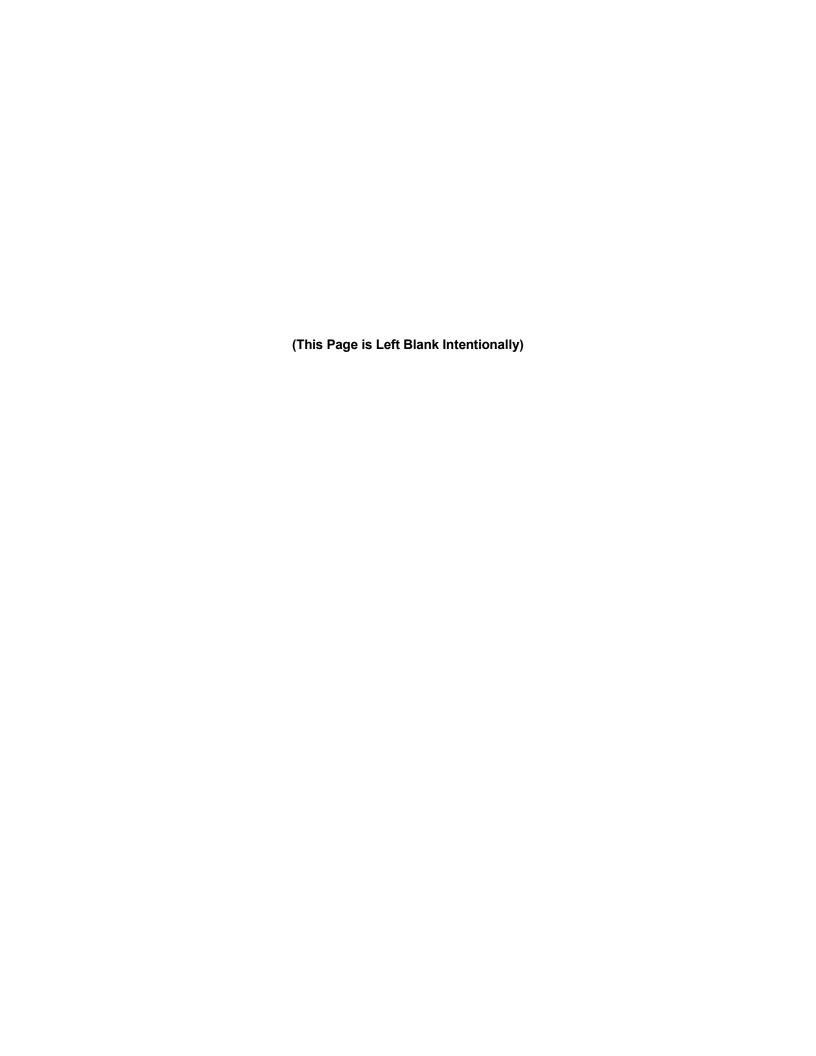
CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

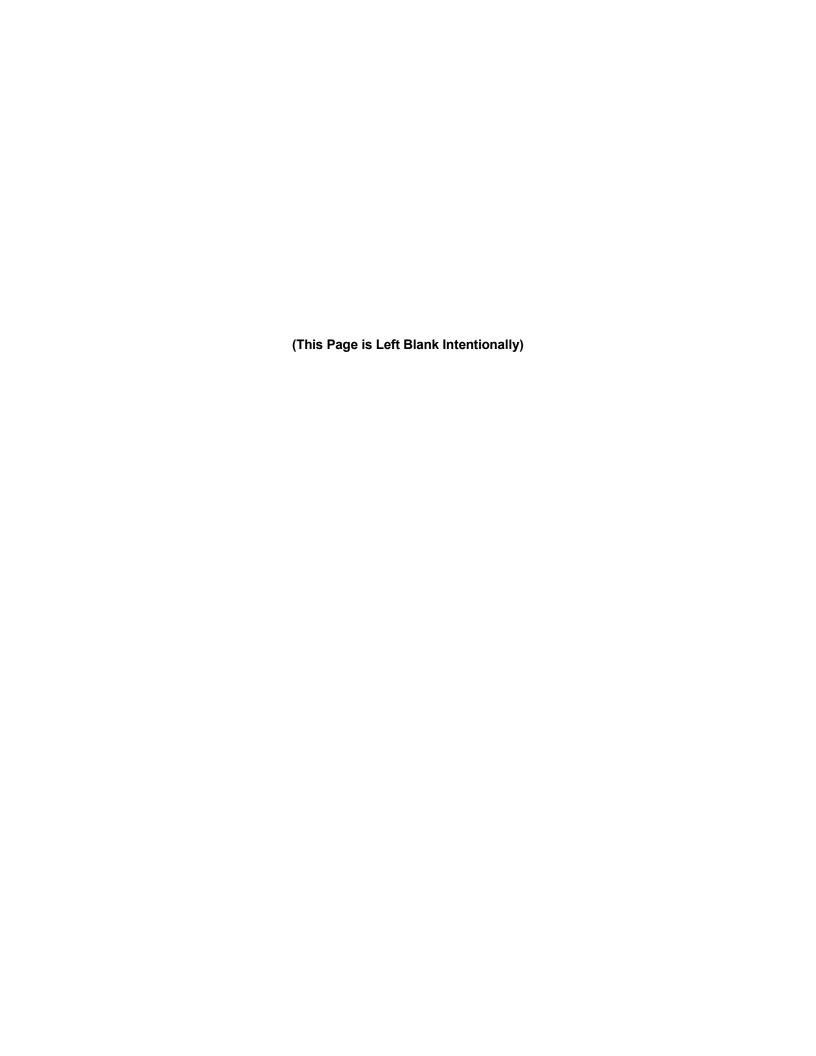
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

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CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA

CITY OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

Ryan Breckenridge Mayor

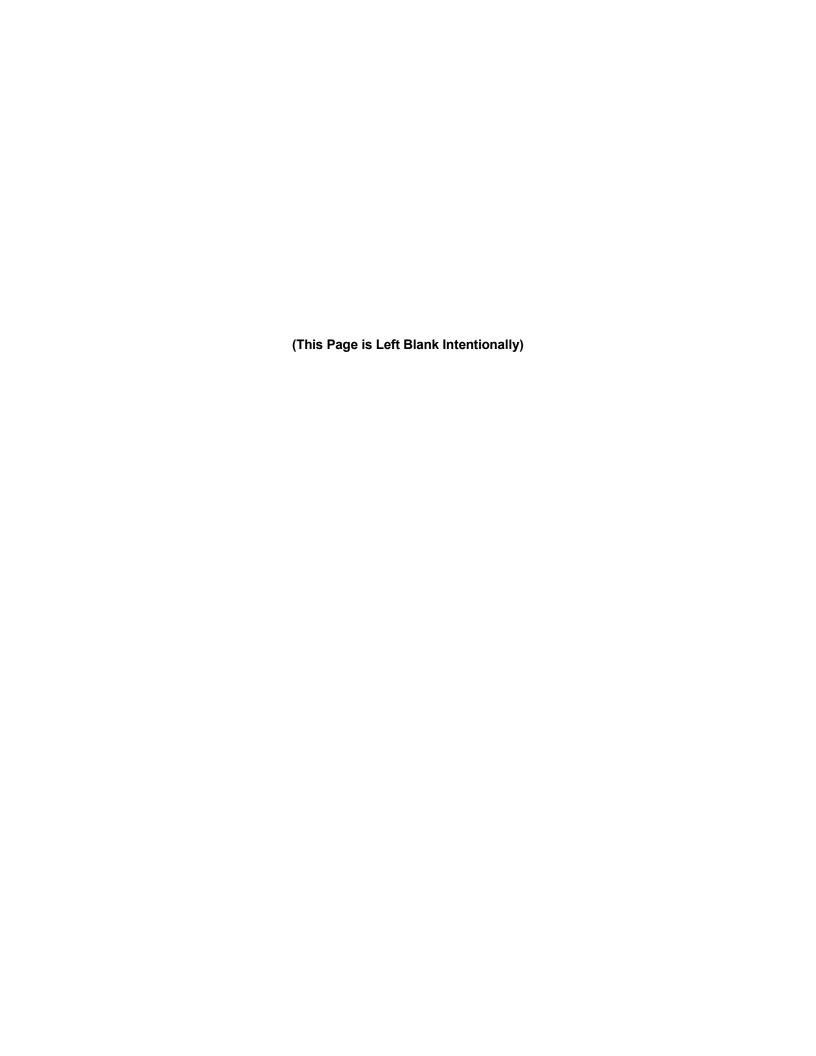
Barb Fate Council Member & Mayor Pro-Tem

Lyle Morey Council Member

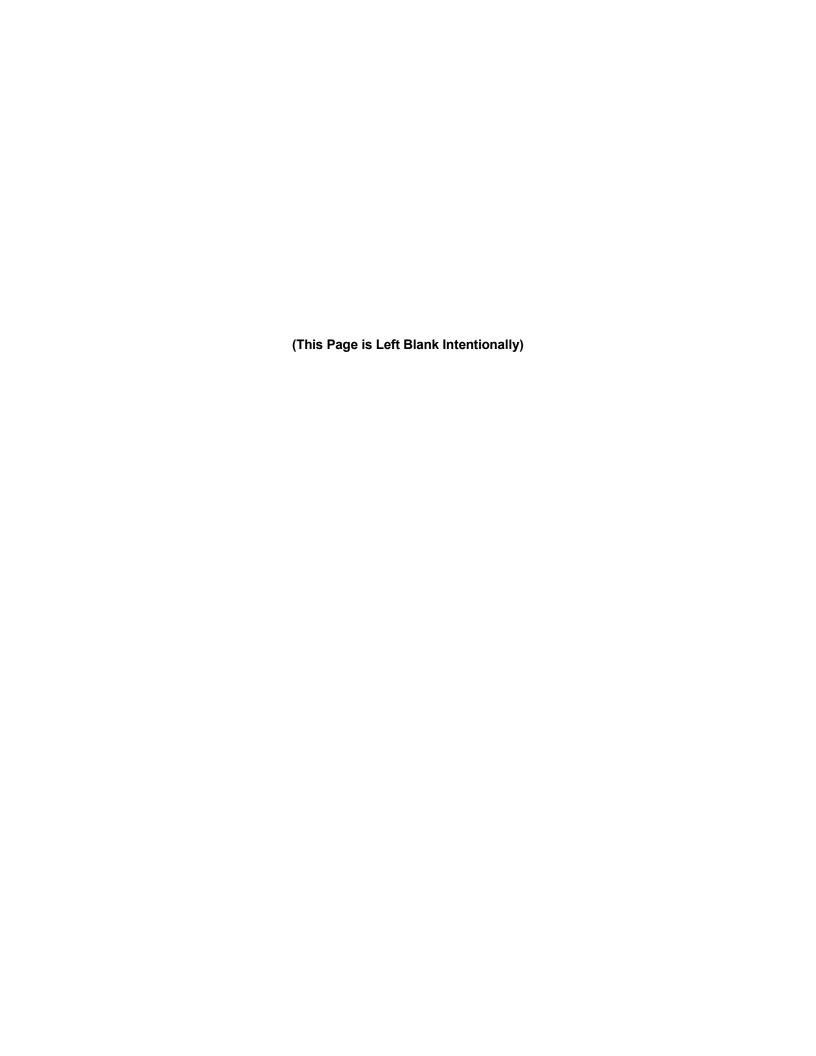
Kaleb Himli Council Member

Mary Sackett Council Member

Rebecca Schmidt Clerk-Treasurer



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

City of Wykoff, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, First Responders Fund, and the Rural Fire Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City of Wykoff, Minnesota's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Smith, Schaffer and associates, Lad.

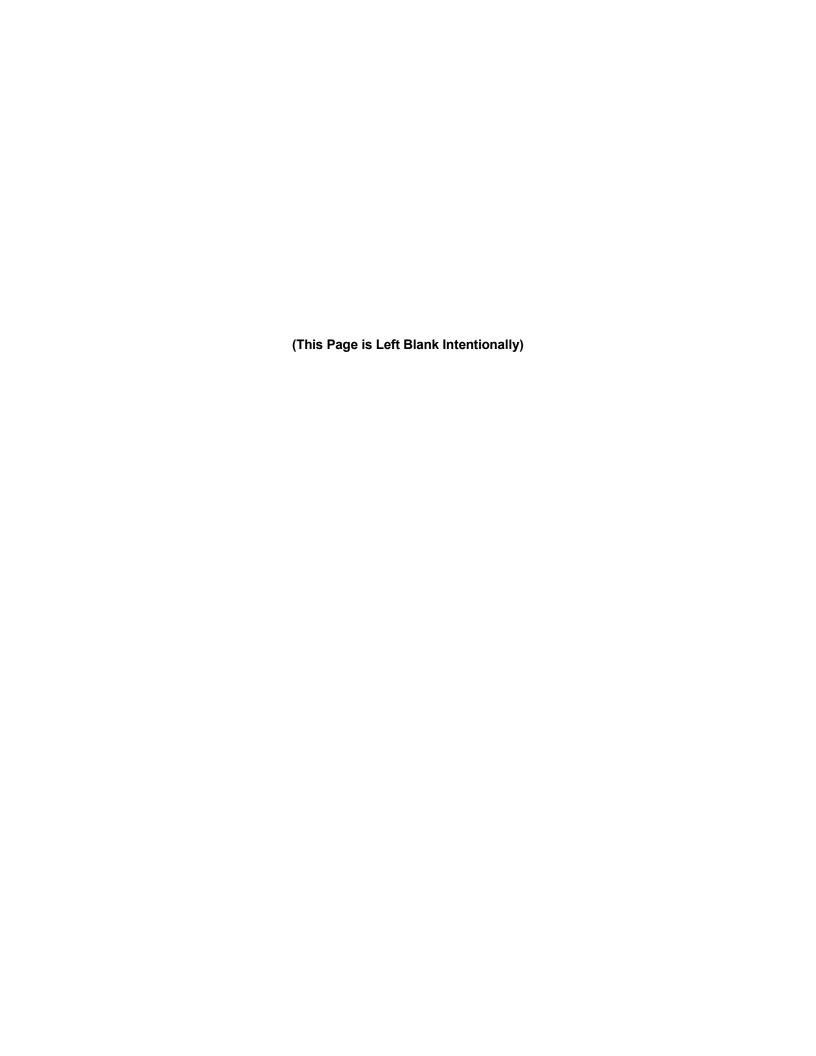
The financial statements include partial prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, from which such partial information was derived.

We have previously audited the City's 2021 financial statements and our report dated February 3, 2022, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

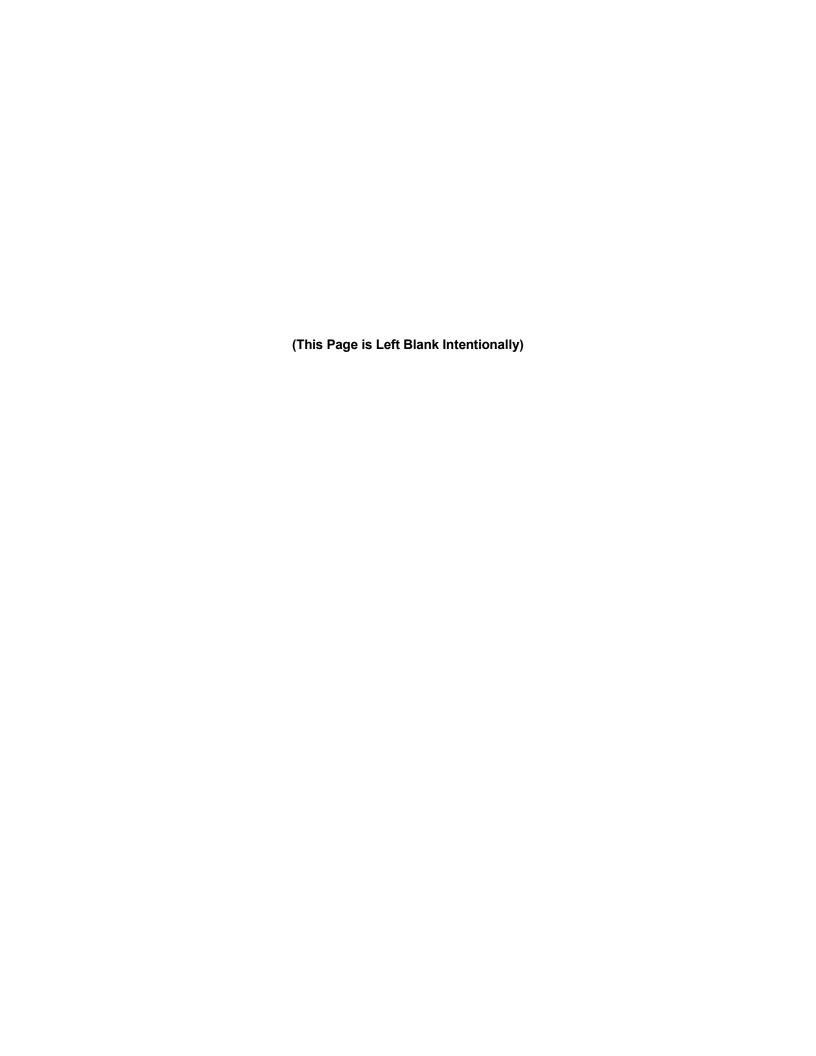
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, Minnesota February 2, 2023



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022
With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	Tot	tals		
	Activities	Activities	2022	2021		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 799,002	\$ 237,592	\$ 1,036,594	\$ 1,257,622		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		31,593	31,593	34,607		
Receivables	86,103	24,112	110,215	126,631		
Due from other governments	13,234		13,234	16,678		
Net pension asset	217,378		217,378	126,465		
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable	114,085	19,708	133,793	114,085		
Depreciable, net	1,752,654	3,019,215	4,771,869	4,754,185		
Total Assets	2,982,456	3,332,220	6,314,676	6,430,273		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows from pension activity	10,154	833	10,987	14,429		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	16,391	3,933	20,324	40,252		
Due to other governments	12,000		12,000	6,000		
Accrued interest payable	7,138	712	7,850	9,077		
Customer deposits		16,761	16,761	15,813		
Accrued compensated absences	2,848		2,848	1,569		
Unearned revenue				24,228		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year	55,000	67,000	122,000	138,000		
Due in more than one year	656,000	1,156,000	1,812,000	1,952,000		
Net pension liability	29,611	2,069	31,680	17,082		
Total Liabilities	778,988	1,246,475	2,025,463	2,204,021		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows from pension activity	3,314	189	3,503	22,854		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,155,739	1,815,923	2,971,662	2,778,270		
Restricted:	.,	.,=.=,===	_,,- 	_,,		
Debt service	155,944		155,944	211,757		
Replacement reserves	,	31,593	31,593	34,607		
Unrestricted	898,625	238,873	1,137,498	1,193,193		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,210,308	\$ 2,086,389	\$ 4,296,697	\$ 4,217,827		

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues								
					Ol	perating		Capital			
			Ch	Charges for		Grants and		ants and			
Functions/Programs	E	kpenses	Services		Contributions		Cor	ntributions			
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	124,156	\$	7,652	\$	9,551	\$				
Public safety		42,318		6,175		45,598		60,000			
Public works		136,682						42,044			
Parks, museum and recreation		37,641		13,355		33					
Interest on long-term debt		17,431									
					•						
Total governmental activities		358,228	27,182		55,182		102,044				
		_		_		_		_			
Business-Type activities:											
Water		85,871		103,619							
Sewer		324,594		183,154				105			
Storm sewer				4,623							
		_				_		_			
Total business-type activities		410,465		286,773				105			
		_									
Total	\$	768,693	\$	313,955	\$	55,182	\$	102,149			

General revenues:

General property taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:

Local government aid

Other

Interest earnings

Insurance reimbursement

Miscellaneous

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

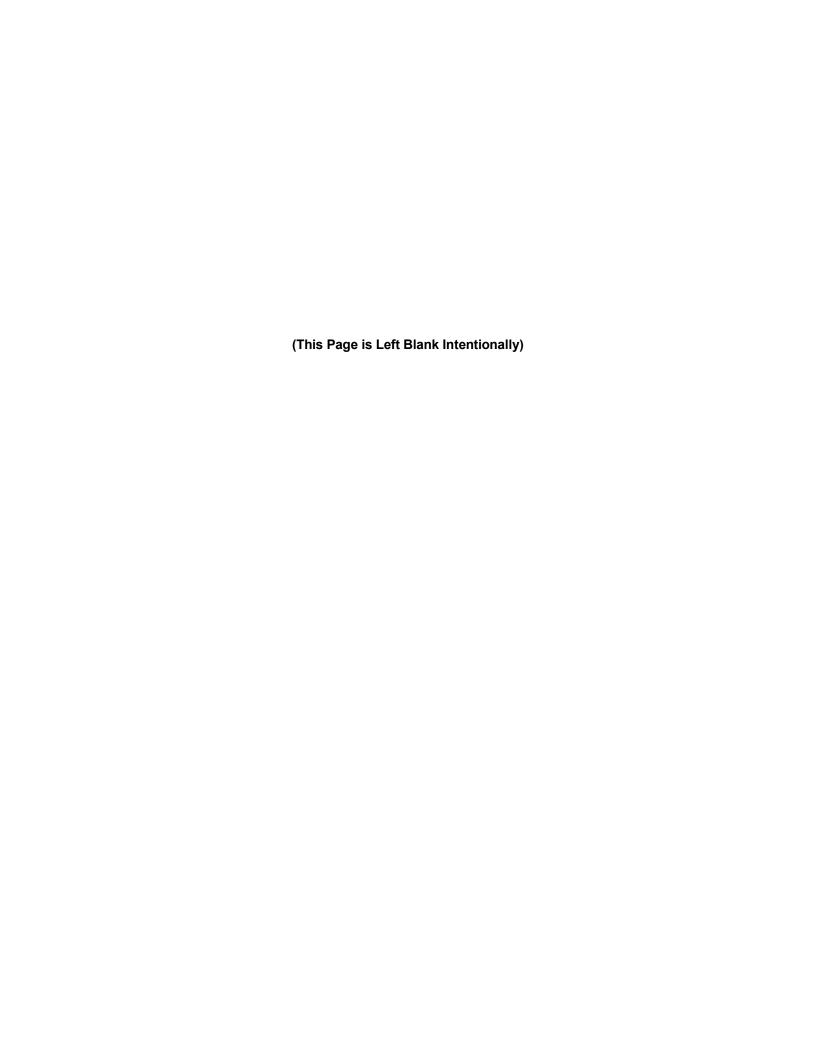
Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Go	vernmental	Business-Type		Tot	als			
	Activities	Activities		2022		2021		
\$	(106,953)	\$	\$	(106,953)	\$	(81,693)		
·	69,455	•	•	69,455	,	61,526		
	(94,638)			(94,638)		(83,588)		
	(24,253)			(24,253)		(11,309)		
	(17,431)			(17,431)		(20,002)		
	(173,820)			(173,820)		(135,066)		
	_			_				
		17,748		17,748		(16,458)		
		(141,335)		(141,335)		(110,396)		
		4,623		4,623				
		(118,964)		(118,964)		(126,854)		
	(173,820)	(118,964)		(292,784)		(261,920)		
	207,294			207,294		196,715		
	136,831			136,831		136,652		
	302			302		296		
	736	70		806		1,252		
	7,555			7,555		8,043		
	16,262	2,604		18,866		4,406		
	(30,199)	30,199						
	338,781	32,873		371,654		347,364		
	164,961	(86,091)		78,870		85,444		
	2,045,347	2,172,480		4,217,827		4,132,383		
\$	2,210,308	\$ 2,086,389	\$	4,296,697	\$	4,217,827		



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022
With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

					;	Special Rev	<i>e</i> nue	Funds		
ASSETS	101 General		230 First Responders		R	240 Rural Fire		250 Revolving Loan		260 torical
AGGETG										
Cash and cash equivalents Loans receivable	\$	427,655	\$	16,813	\$	16,877	\$	40,787 17,923	\$	796
Taxes receivable, delinquent Special assessments receivable:		6,819		234						
Delinquent		88								
Deferred		1,921								
Due from other funds										
Due from other governmental units		12,772		12						
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	449,255	\$	17,059	\$	16,877	\$	58,710	\$	796
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	15,877	\$		\$	428	\$		\$	86
Due to other funds										
Due to other governmental units		12,000								
Unearned revenue										
Total Liabilities		27,877				428				86
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue:										
Property taxes		6,819		234						
Special assessments		2,009								
Loans receivable								17,923		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,828		234				17,923		
Fund Balance										
Restricted:										
Debt service										
Committed:										
By Council action				16,825		16,449		40,787		
Assigned										710
Unassigned		412,550								
Total Fund Balance		412,550		16,825		16,449		40,787		710
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	449,255	\$	17,059	\$	16,877	\$	58,710	\$	796

Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Funds 304 305 307 406 2012A Imp 2018A 2020A Capital Refunding Improvement Total Governmental Funds Improvement Improvement Bond Bond Bond 2022 2021 \$ 192,560 \$ \$ 49,998 799,002 912,463 \$ 53,516 17,923 20,294 9,492 1,054 1,385 7,522 1,631 1,719 2,163 72,556 19,087 35,961 56,969 5,443 52 398 13,234 16,678 192,560 \$ \$ 70,191 \$ 92,891 \$ 898,339 \$ 1,037,119 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 16,391 \$ 17,699 5,443 12,000 6,000 24,228 28,391 53,370 1,054 1,385 9,492 7,522 19,087 37,592 58,688 74,719 20,294 17,923 20,141 38,977 86,103 102,535 50,050 53,914 103,964 142,548 192,560 266,621 328,042 710 412,550 410,624 50,050 53,914 783,845 192,560 881,214

70,191

192,560

\$

92,891

\$

898,339

\$ 1,037,119

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

Special Revenue Funds 230 250 101 First 240 260 Revolving General Responders Rural Fire Historical Loan **REVENUES** 5,486 \$ Property taxes 126,232 \$ \$ \$ Special assessments Licenses and permits 2,147 Intergovernmental revenues 198,002 5,588 25,065 Charges for services 5,505 5,305 13,355 Fines and forfeits 90 Interest income 125 4 4 523 Miscellaneous revenues 38,520 2,300 249 2,706 2,022 **Total Revenues** 3,229 370,621 13,378 30,623 15,377 **EXPENDITURES Current:** General government 109,422 Public safety 65,223 13,091 16,017 Public works 31,383 22,294 Parks, museum and recreation 11,973 Capital outlay 134,924 54,902 Debt service Total Expenditures 363,246 13,091 70,919 11,973 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,375 287 (40,296)3,229 3,404 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** 7,555 Insurance recovery Transfers in 3,000 Transfers out (18,698)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 3,000 (11, 143)287 6,404 Net change in fund balance (3,768)(40,296)3,229 **FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING** (5,694)416,318 16,538 56,745 37,558 **FUND BALANCES, ENDING** 412,550 16,825 16,449 40,787 710

Capital Projects

Fund			[Debt S	Service Funds						
406 Capita Improver	al	Re	304 12A Imp efunding Bond		305 2018A provement Bond	lmp	307 2020A rovement Bond	Total Governme		ental	Funds 2021
\$		\$	15,401 4,248	\$	23,536 2,524	\$	34,669 3,579	\$	205,324 10,351 2,147 228,655 24,165 90	\$	199,497 8,936 1,659 212,139 26,125 42
4	53 5,000				13		14		736 90,797		1,027 92,941
4	5,053		19,649		26,073		38,262		562,265		542,366
									109,422 94,331 31,383		88,986 87,104 48,239
7	0,392		35,438		30,624		41,307		34,267 260,218 107,369		29,493 101,208 62,774
7	0,392		35,438		30,624		41,307		636,990		417,804
(2	5,339)		(15,789)		(4,551)		(3,045)		(74,725)	_	124,562
	698		(15,199)						7,555 3,698 (33,897)		23,898 (33,898)
	698		(15,199)						(22,644)		(10,000)
(2	4,641)		(30,988)		(4,551)		(3,045)		(97,369)		114,562
21	7,201		30,988		54,601		56,959		881,214		766,652
\$ 19	2,560	\$		\$	50,050	\$	53,914	\$	783,845	\$	881,214

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION IN THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES IN THE FUND BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental fund balances (page 7 and 8)		\$ 783,845
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Governmental funds - capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 5,049,309 (3,182,570)	1,866,739
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Delinquent property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable	\$ 9,492 58,688 17,923	86,103
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability, net pension asset, accrued compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable Net pension liability Net pension asset Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest	\$ (711,000) (22,771) 217,378 (2,848) (7,138)	(526,379)
Net position of governmental activities (page 4)		\$ 2,210,308

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 9 and 10)		\$ (97,369)
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 259,468 (161,593)	
		97,875
Certain revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Special assessments Loans receivable	\$ 1,970 (16,031) (2,371)	(46, 422)
T		(16,432)
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligations bonds and related items is as follows. Change in accrued interest Principal retirement on long-term debt	\$ 938 89,000	89,938
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, net pension liability, and net pension asset - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Change in accrued compensated absences Change in net pension liability Change in net pension asset	\$ (1,279) 1,315 90,913	90,949
Change in net position of governmental activities (pages 5 and 6)		\$ 164,961

See Notes to the Financial Statements

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

REVENUES	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	2022 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2021 Actual Amounts
Local Taxes					
General tax levy	\$ 126,163	\$ 126,163	\$ 126,232	\$ 69	\$ 119,858
Licenses and Permits					
Business	1,325	1,325	1,300	(25)	1,300
Nonbusiness	350	350	847	497	359
Total Licenses and Permits	1,675	1,675	2,147	472	1,659
Intergovernmental Revenues					
Local government aid	136,831	136,831	136,831		136,652
Fire relief aid	2,000	2,000	12,460	10,460	12,288
Other state aid	5,000	5,000	987	(4,013)	20,492
Federal aid	22,751	22,751	47,724	24,973	3,665
Total Intergovernmental					
Revenues	166,582	166,582	198,002	31,420	173,097
Charges for Services					
City Hall rent	5,000	5,000	5,505	505	5,275
Fines and Forfeits					
Court fines	600	600	90	(510)	42
Interest Income	1,500	1,500	125	(1,375)	279
Miscellaneous Revenues					
Contributions	10,500	10,500	24,589	14,089	24,327
Refunds and reimbursements			1,496	1,496	259
Other	750	750	12,435	11,685	2,000
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	11,250	11,250	38,520	27,270	26,586
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 312,770	\$ 312,770	\$ 370,621	\$ 57,851	\$ 326,796

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts				2022		Variance with Final Budget -		2021	
			Amo	Final		Actual Amounts		ositive		Actual mounts
EXPENDITURES		Original		ГПа		inounts	(14	egative)	AI	Hourits
General Government										
Mayor and Council										
Salaries and benefits	\$	4,950	\$	4,950	\$	6,247	\$	(1,297)	\$	5,203
Dues	Ψ	650	Ψ	650	Ψ	706	Ψ	(56)	Ψ	655
Miscellaneous		000		000		431		(431)		45
Total Mayor and Council		5,600		5,600		7,384		(1,784)		5,903
rotal Mayor and Council		3,000		3,000		7,004		(1,704)		0,000
Elections and Voter Registration										
Salaries and benefits		750		750		2,914		(2,164)		20
General supplies						281		(281)		
Printing and publishing		50		50		137		(87)		
Miscellaneous				•		350		(350)		
Total Elections and	-		-					(000)		
Voter Registration		800		800		3,682		(2,882)		20
, etc. , teg.et.aue						0,002		(=,00=)		
City Clerk										
Salaries and benefits		20,190		20,190		17,460		2,730		18,189
General supplies		2,000		2,000		3,059		(1,059)		1,622
Repair and maintenance		500		500		6,410		(5,910)		*
Utilities		2,300		2,300		2,234		66		1,903
Printing, publishing, and dues		500		500		428		72		121
Insurance		4,500		4,500		4,804		(304)		4,544
Miscellaneous		1,775		1,775		4,432		(2,657)		3,971
Total City Clerk		31,765		31,765		38,827		(7,062)		30,350
·										
Professional Services										
Legal and audit		27,800		27,800		16,138		11,662		13,623
Assessor		1,450		1,450		1,509		(59)		1,435
Other contracted services		2,000		2,000		1,983		17		1,924
Total Professional Services		31,250		31,250		19,630		11,620		16,982
Municipal Buildings										
Salaries and benefits		4,540		4,540		5,233		(693)		3,717
General supplies		650		650		1,172		(522)		812
Repair and maintenance		18,900		18,900		5,962		12,938		8,035
Utilities		10,100		10,100		12,660		(2,560)		11,363
Insurance		5,300		5,300		7,827		(2,527)		5,132
Miscellaneous		1,805		1,805		1,367		438		1,791
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		2,816		17,184		3,390
Total Municipal Buildings		61,295		61,295		37,037		24,258		34,240
Other General Government										
City promotion		1,450		1,450		5,678		(4,228)		4,881
Total General Government	\$	132,160	\$	132,160	\$	112,238	\$	19,922	\$	92,376
							_			

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

EXPENDITURES	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	2022 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2021 Actual Amounts		
Public Safety							
Law Enforcement							
Contractual services	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$	\$ 24,000		
Fire Protection							
Salaries and benefits	7,200	7,200	9,533	(2,333)	7,788		
City fire relief contribution	1,350	1,350	1,350		1,350		
Fire relief aid			12,460	(12,460)	12,288		
Motor fuel	400	400	621	(221)	468		
Repair and maintenance	7,400	7,400	5,974	1,426	6,630		
Professional services	300	300	157	143	895		
Utilities	1,500	1,500	2,707	(1,207)	1,698		
Insurance	2,300	2,300	3,217	(917)	2,259		
Travel and education	2,000	2,000	2,976	(976)	1,742		
Capital outlay	17,000	17,000	4,903	12,097	7,652		
Miscellaneous	650	650	1,571	(921)	734		
Total Fire Protection	40,100	40,100	45,469	(5,369)	43,504		
Civil Defense							
Utilities	125	125	116	9	116		
Insurance			314	(314)			
Miscellaneous			227	(227)	228		
Total Civil Defense	125	125	657	(532)	344		
Total Public Safety	64,225	64,225	70,126	(5,901)	67,848		
Public Works							
Streets and Highways							
Salaries and benefits	14,435	14,435	13,130	1,305	9,900		
Motor fuels	1,250	1,250	1,328	(78)	926		
Repair and maintenance	12,100	12,100	7,854	4,246	26,064		
Utilities	5,000	5,000	7,816	(2,816)	7,862		
Insurance	800	800	466	334	798		
Miscellaneous	1,050	1,050	789	261	2,689		
Capital outlay	55,000	55,000	111,098	(56,098)	40,009		
Total Public Works	\$ 89,635	\$ 89,635	\$ 142,481	\$ (52,846)	\$ 88,248		

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted		2022 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2021 Actual
EXPENDITURES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Park and Recreation					
Recreation					
Sports, athletics, and miscellaneous	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 554	\$ 446	\$ 403
Insurance			222	(222)	
Capital outlay			2,137	(2,137)	
Total Recreation	1,000	1,000	2,913	(1,913)	403
Park					
Salaries and benefits	5,000	5,000	8,683	(3,683)	6,700
Motor fuel	650	650	932	(282)	907
Repair and maintenance	3,500	3,500	4,587	(1,087)	1,100
Insurance	1,100	1,100	412	688	1,013
Utilities			579	(579)	391
Professional services			525	(525)	160
Tree removal	500	500	5,650	(5,150)	984
Capital outlay			13,970	(13,970)	
Miscellaneous			150	(150)	1,716
Total Park	10,750	10,750	35,488	(24,738)	12,971
Total Park and Recreation	11,750	11,750	38,401	(26,651)	13,374
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	297,770	297,770	363,246	(65,476)	261,846
EXCESS REVENUE OVER					
EXPENDITURES	15,000	15,000	7,375	(7,625)	64,950
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance recovery			7,555	7,555	
Transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(18,698)	(3,698)	(33,898)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(11,143)	3,857	(33,898)
Net change in fund balance			(3,768)	(3,768)	31,052
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	416,318	416,318	416,318		385,266
FUND BALANCE - Ending	\$ 416,318	\$ 416,318	\$ 412,550	\$ (3,768)	\$ 416,318

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA FIRST RESPONDERS FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

REVENUES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				2022 Actual Amounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive legative)	2021 Actual Amounts	
Property taxes	\$	5,550	\$	5,550	\$ 5,486	•		\$ 5,0	115
Froperty taxes	Ψ	3,330	Ψ	3,330	Ψ 5,400	Ψ	(04)	Ψ 5,0	113
Interest Income					4		4		10
Intergovernmental Revenue									
First responders contracts		4,700		4,700	5,588		888	4,6	67
Miscellaneous Revenues									
Contributions					1,800		1,800	4	75
Refunds and reimbursements Total Miscellaneous Revenues					500 2,300		2,300	1	75
Total Miscellaneous Revenues					2,300		2,300	4	./5
TOTAL REVENUES		10,250		10,250	13,378		3,128	10,1	67
EXPENDITURES									
Public Safety									
Salaries and benefits		2,500		2,500	1,475		1,025	2,0	86
Insurance		550		550	722		(172)		28
General supplies		350		350	343		7		10
Repair and maintenance		400		400	335		(335)		
Fuels and lubricants		100 500		100	164		(64)		15
Travel, schools, conferences Professional services		6,150		500 6,150	2,858 7,155		(2,358) (1,005)	5,4	50
Miscellaneous		100		100	39		(1,005)	5,4	40
Capital outlay		100		100	39		01	1,0	00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,250		10,250	13,091		(2,841)	9,2	29
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE					287		287	9	38
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		16,538		16,538	16,538			15,6	00
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	16,538	\$	16,538	\$ 16,825	\$	287	\$ 16,5	38

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA RURAL FIRE FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

						2022		iance with al Budget	2021	
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Positive		ctual
REVENUES		Driginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)		Amounts	
Charges for Services										
Fire calls	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	5,305	\$	3,305	\$	7,056
Intergovernmental Revenue										
Fire contracts		23,000		23,000		24,380		1,380		23,000
Other state aid						685		685		2,835
Federal aid										3,665
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		23,000		23,000		25,065		2,065		29,500
Interest Income		25		25		4		(21)		32
Miscellaneous Revenues										
Contributions						249		249		
TOTAL REVENUES		25,025		25,025		30,623		5,598		36,588
EXPENDITURES										
Public Safety										
Salaries and benefits		7,200		7,200		872		6,328		1,922
City fire relief aid		1,350		1,350		1,350				1,350
Insurance		2,300		2,300		2,717		(417)		2,259
Communication		2,000		2,000				2,000		1,088
Repair and maintenance		4,500		4,500		3,222		1,278		6,620
Utilities		1,500		1,500		2,303		(803)		1,698
Fuels and lubricants		400		400		623		(223)		496
Travel, schools, conferences		2,000		2,000		3,276		(1,276)		903
Professional services		300		300		1,157		(857)		1,495
Miscellaneous		1,050		1,050		497		553		848
Capital outlay		15,000		15,000		54,902		(39,902)		5,970
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		37,600		37,600		70,919		(33,319)		24,649
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,575)		(12,575)		(40,296)		(27,721)		11,939
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		56,745		56,745		56,745				44,806
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	44,170	\$	44,170	\$	16,449	\$	(27,721)	\$	56,745

See Notes to the Financial Statements

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Enterprise Funds								
	Water	Sewer	Storm Sewer	Tot	tals				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2022	2021				
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 164,192	\$ 69,241	\$ 4,159	\$ 237,592	\$ 345,159				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		31,593		31,593	34,607				
Accounts receivable	8,148	15,500	464	24,112	24,096				
Total Current Assets	172,340	116,334	4,623	293,297	403,862				
Capital Assets									
Construction in progress		19,708		19,708					
Building	17,876	2,876,387		2,894,263	3,038,963				
limprovements	1,369,757	170,178		1,539,935	1,574,925				
Machinery and equipment	28,226	34,486		62,712	84,068				
Total	1,415,859	3,100,759	•	4,516,618	4,697,956				
Less: Accumulated depreciation	755,033	722,662		1,477,695	1,598,550				
Capital Assets, Net	660,826	2,378,097		3,038,923	3,099,406				
Capital Assets, Net	000,020	2,570,037		3,030,923	3,033,400				
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred outflows from pension activity	718	115		833	849				
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED									
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 833,884	\$ 2,494,546	\$ 4,623	\$ 3,333,053	\$ 3,504,117				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION									
·									
Current Liabilities	Φ 4.405	0.700	•	Φ 0.000	Φ 00.550				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,165	\$ 2,768	\$	\$ 3,933	\$ 22,553				
Accrued interest payable	712			712	1,001				
Customer deposits	16,761	00.000		16,761	15,813				
Bonds payable - current	45,000	22,000		67,000	67,000				
Total Current Liabilities	63,638	24,768		88,406	106,367				
Long-Term Liabilities									
Net pension liability	1,594	475		2,069	898				
Bonds payable - noncurrent	84,000	1,072,000		1,156,000	1,223,000				
Tabl New comment Link Wales	05 504	4 070 475		4.450.000	4 000 000				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	85,594	1,072,475		1,158,069	1,223,898				
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred inflows from pension activity	105	84		189	1,372				
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	531,826	1,284,097		1,815,923	1,809,406				
Restricted	001,020	31,593		31,593	34,607				
Unrestricted	152,721	81,529	4,623	238,873	328,467				
Total Net Position	684,547	1,397,219	4,623	2,086,389	2,172,480				
			.,,523	_,,,,,,,,,					
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	4 000 00 :	0.0464.545	4 4 225	# 0 000 075					
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 833,884	\$ 2,494,546	\$ 4,623	\$ 3,333,053	\$ 3,504,117				

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Storm Sewer **Totals** Fund Fund 2022 2021 Fund **Operating Revenues** Charges for services 103,619 183,154 \$ 4,623 291,396 291,379 Operating Expenses Salaries and benefits 10.305 8.046 18,351 14.668 Contractual services 19,277 73,406 92,683 88,180 Chemicals 640 38,113 38,753 923 General supplies 1,503 1,433 2,936 2,622 Repairs and maintenance 17,085 23,868 40,953 101,988 Utilities 4,861 71,281 76,142 67,586 Insurance 1,190 3,548 4,738 4,222 Depreciation 28,405 74,618 103,023 99.872 Miscellaneous 986 1,106 6,310 120 378,685 386,371 **Total Operating Expenses** 83,386 295,299 **OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)** 20,233 (112, 145)4,623 (87, 289)(94,992)Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Special assessments 105 105 1,246 27 225 Interest income 43 70 (33,108)Bond interest and charges (2,485)(29, 295)(31,780)Insurance reimbursement 8,043 Miscellaneous 694 1,910 2,604 3,360 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (1,748)(27,253)(29,001)(20,234)Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers 18,485 (139,398)4,623 (116, 290)(115, 226)Transfers in 30,199 30,199 10,000 **CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 18,485 4,623 (86,091)(105, 226)(109, 199)**NET POSITION, BEGINNING** 666,062 1,506,418 2,172,480 2,277,706

NET POSITION, ENDING

\$ 1,397,219

4,623

\$ 2,086,389

\$ 2,172,480

\$

684,547

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021

	Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer	Stor	m Sewer		Tot	als	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	2022			2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	103,899 (44,748) (9,207)	\$	183,322 (231,700) (7,675)	\$	4,159	\$	291,380 (276,448) (16,882)	\$	285,987 (258,055) (14,642)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		49,944		(56,053)		4,159		(1,950)		13,290
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal paid on bonds		(45,000)		(22,000)				(67,000)		(64,000)
Interest paid on bonds Cash received from other sources Transfers in (out) from other funds		(2,774) 694		(29,295) 2,015 30,199				(32,069) 2,709 30,199		(33,382) 12,649 10,000
Additions to capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital and Related		(6,812)		(35,728)				(42,540)		(7,434)
Financing Activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest earnings on temporary investments		(53,892)		(54,809)				(108,701)		(82,167)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(3,905)		(110,835)		4,159		(110,581)		(68,652)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		168,097		211,669				379,766		448,418
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	164,192	\$	100,834	\$	4,159	\$	269,185	\$	379,766
Classified as: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	164,192	\$	69,241 31,593	\$	4,159	\$	237,592 31,593	\$	345,159 34,607
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	164,192	\$	100,834	\$	4,159	\$	269,185	\$	379,766

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operations

	Enterprise Funds										
		Water		Sewer	Sto	rm Sewer	Totals				
Operating Income (Loss)		Fund Fund F				Fund		2022		2021	
	\$	20,233	\$	(112,145)	\$	4,623	\$	(87,289)	\$	(94,992)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income											
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in)											
operating activities:											
Depreciation		28,405		74,618				103,023		99,872	
Change in net pension liability		259		(255)				4		(1,213)	
(Increase) Decrease In:											
Accounts receivable		280		168		(464)		(16)		(5,392)	
Increase (Decrease) In:											
Accounts payable		(181)		(18,439)				(18,620)		13,939	
Customer deposits		948						948		1,076	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)											
Operating Activities	\$	49,944	\$	(56,053)	\$	4,159	\$	(1,950)	\$	13,290	

See Notes to the Financial Statements

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 of the City's financial statements include the primary government and the component units of the City of Wykoff, defined as follows:

Primary Government - Includes all funds, account groups, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, or offices which are not legally separate from the City of Wykoff.

Component Units - Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City of Wykoff are financially accountable or for which the nature or significance of their relationship with the City of Wykoff would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, there are no component units of the City of Wykoff.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transaction, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year in when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it is recognized.

Unearned revenue is recorded when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants received before eligibility requirements other than time requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Grants received before time requirements are met are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The First Responders fund accounts for activities of the first responder service.

The Rural Fire fund accounts for the activities of the volunteer fire department.

The Revolving Loan fund accounts for the disbursement and collection of revolving loans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Historical fund accounts for the activities of the jailhouse and museum.

The Capital Improvement fund accounts for all major capital improvements of the City.

The 2012A Improvement Refunding Bond fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the refunding bonds.

The 2018A Improvement Bond fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the improvement bonds.

The 2020A Improvement Bond fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the improvement bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water fund accounts for the operation of the City owned water utility system.

The Sewer fund accounts for the operation of the City owned sewer utility system.

The Storm Sewer fund accounts for the operation of the City owned storm sewer system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for the general fund and all special revenue funds with the exception of the Revolving Loan Fund and Historical fund, which adopt project length budgets. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year by council action and may be amended by formal council action. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Except where otherwise required, the City maintains all deposits in accounts in the name of the City. The deposits are invested on a short-term basis with interest income allocated to each fund based upon their relative account balance. The balances shown in each fund represents an equity interest in the commingled pool of cash and cash equivalents which is under the management of the City.

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance restricted account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property Taxes

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in October of each year and are certified to the County for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1, following, and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Revenues for property taxes are accrued and recognized in the year collectible, net of delinquencies.

Real property taxes may be paid by taxpayers in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The County provides tax settlements to cities and other taxing districts normally during the months of July and December.

Taxes which remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. The amount of delinquent taxes receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund types because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Special Assessments

Assessments are levied at various times upon City Council resolution for property owner improvements made by the City. Assessment collections are deferred over periods ranging from ten to fifteen years with interest charges ranging from 3.25% to 5.35%. Revenue from these assessments is recognized as the annual installments become collectible. Annual installments not collected as of each December 31 are classified as delinquent assessments receivable. The amount of delinquent assessments receivable are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources in the Governmental Fund Types because they are not known to be available to finance current expenditures.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested debt proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant, and equipment are capitalized when acquired, and depreciation is provided using the straight-line method applied over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

	Useful Life
	<u>in Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 40
Improvements	5 - 40
Machinery and Equipment	2 - 20

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective January 1, 2004. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), etc. These financial statements do not include the historical cost or related depreciation of infrastructure constructed prior to 2004.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

<u>Leases</u>

For leases with a term exceeding 12 months, the District recognizes a lease liability and a right to use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

The right to use lease asset is calculated at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs incurred, minus any lease incentives received. Subsequently, the right to use lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. Remeasurement of the right to use lease asset and lease liability occurs when certain changes occur that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

Right to use lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which expose the City to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash investments and accounts and loans receivable. The City's accounts and loans receivable are concentrated geographically, as for the most part, amounts are due from individuals residing in and businesses located in the City of Wykoff, Minnesota.

Net Position / Fund Balance

In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount includes all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets. Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Net Position / Fund Balance (continued)

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the City Council through formal action and remain binding unless removed by the City Council by subsequent formal action.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The City Council, by majority vote, may assigned fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The council also delegates the power to assign fund balances to the following: clerk-treasurer.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When expenditures are made, the City uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has one type of deferred outflow which is pension related and reported on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Vacation is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Qualified employees accrue vacation at varying rates, which portions may be carried over to future years. The City compensates employees upon termination for a maximum of 120 hours of unused vacation time.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognized two types of deferred inflows. The first type occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The second type is pension related and reported on the statement of net position.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2021 financial statement have been reclassified to conform to the 2022 presentation.

Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of December 31, 2022, the City's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following items, all of which are held in an internal investment pool:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	Maturities	Ratings	F	air Value
Cash on hand Deposits	None None	N/A N/A	\$	100 1,068,087
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,068,187
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Statement of Net Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Stater			\$	1,036,594 31,593
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,068,187

Investments Authorized by Minnesota Statues

The City is authorized by Minnesota Statutes to invest idle funds as follows:

- (a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- (b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above.
- (c) General obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities.
- (d) Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- (e) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- (f) Repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a reporting dealer to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- (g) Money market funds with institutions that have portfolios consisting exclusively of United States Treasury obligations and Federal Agency issues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Collateralization of Cash Deposits

The City's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial banks in the City's name.

Minnesota Statues require that all City deposits be insured, secured by surety bonds, or be collateralized. Except for notes secured by first mortgages of future maturity, the market value of collateral pledged by the custodial bank must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes certain state of local government obligations and legal investments. Minnesota Statues also require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the Treasurer, or in a financial institution other than the institution furnishing the collateral.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value measurements are determined utilizing the framework established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets
 or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - o Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
 - o Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets
 - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specific (contractual) term, Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability

 Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

There were no assets which were required to be measured at fair value by the City at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

3. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Fund	 Fillmore County	I	State of Minnesota	Total
General First Responders Debt Service	\$ 312 12 450	\$	12,460	\$ 12,772 12 450
	\$ 774	\$	12,460	\$ 13,234

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4. Capital Assets

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	Balanco			Balarios
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 109,014	\$	\$	\$ 109,014
Construction in progress	5,071			5,071
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	114,085			114,085
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	471,858	2,816	4,815	469,859
Improvements	3,166,024	96,360	4,796	3,257,588
Machinery and equipment	1,118,359	160,292	70,874	1,207,777
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,756,241	259,468	80,485	4,935,224
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	322,964	14,437	4,815	332,586
Improvements	2,017,855	86,378	4,796	2,099,437
Machinery and equipment	760,643	60,778	70,874	750,547
Total accumulated depreciation	3,101,462	161,593	80,485	3,182,570
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,654,779	97,875		1,752,654
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,768,864	\$ 97,875	\$	\$ 1,866,739
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works			\$ 12,208 40,600 105,553	
Parks, museum and recreation			3,232	
Total depreciation expense - go	overnmental activitie	es	\$ 161,593	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued) 4.

	Beginning Balance	Inc	reases	Ending Balance	
Business Type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$	\$	19,708	\$	\$ 19,708
Total capital assets, not being depreciated			19,708		19,708
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,038,963			144,700	2,894,263
Improvements	1,574,925		1,610	36,600	1,539,935
Machinery and equipment	84,068		21,222	42,578	62,712
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,697,956		22,832	223,878	4,496,910
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	641,019		71,377	144,700	567,696
Improvements	893,947		26,855	36,600	884,202
Machinery and equipment	63,584		4,791	42,578	25,797
Total accumulated depreciation	1,598,550		103,023	223,878	1,477,695
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,099,406		(80,191)		 3,019,215
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,099,406	\$	(60,483)	\$	\$ 3,038,923

Business	Type	Activities:	
Water			

28,405 74,618 Sewer Total depreciation expense - business type activities 103,023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt

The Long-Term debt obligations outstanding and related maturities and interest rates are summarized in the schedule of bonds payable.

General Obligation Improvement Bonds:

The bonds are payable primarily from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements and/or ad valorem tax levies. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

General Obligation Revenue Bonds:

The Drinking Water Revenue Bonds are payable primarily from the revenues generated through charges to customers for water service. They are recorded as liabilities in the Water Enterprise Fund and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The Sewer Revenue Bonds are payable primarily from the revenues generated through charges to customers for sewer service. They are recorded as liabilities in the Sewer Enterprise Fund and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

A summary of interest rates, maturities and December 31, 2022 balances are as follows:

	Range of	Final		Balance
	Interest Rates	Maturity	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Governmental Activities	•			_
General Obligation Improvement Bond:				
2018A Improvement Note	3.90%	2/1/2029	\$	184,000
2020A Improvement Note	1.90%	2/1/2036		527,000
Compensated Absences				2,848
Business-Type Activities				
General Obligation Revenue Bonds:				
2007 Drinking Water Revenue Bond	1.40%	8/20/2026		111,000
2004 Drinking Water Revenue Bond	2.34%	8/20/2023		18,000
2015A Sewer Revenue Bond	2.625%	1/1/2055		490,000
2015B Sewer Revenue Bond	2.625%	1/1/2055		604,000
Total	Long Term Debt		\$	1,936,848

For governmental activities, compensated absences have generally been liquidated by the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The long-term debt obligations outstanding and related maturities are summarized below:

		Beginning Balance						Iditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
General Obligation Improvement Bonds:												
2012A Improvement Refunding Note	\$	35,000	\$		\$	35,000	\$	\$				
2018A Improvement Note		207,000				23,000	184,000	23,000				
2020A Improvement Note		558,000				31,000	527,000	32,000				
Compensated Absences		1,569		3,678		2,399	2,848	2,848				
Governmental Activities												
Long-term Liabilities		801,569		3,678		91,399	713,848	57,848				
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES General Obligation Revenue Bonds:												
2007 Drinking Water Revenue Bond		138,000				27,000	111,000	27,000				
2004 Drinking Water Revenue Bond		36,000				18,000	18,000	18,000				
2015A Sewer Revenue Bond		500,000				10,000	490,000	10,000				
2015B Sewer Revenue Bond		616,000				12,000	604,000	12,000				
Business-type Activities												
Long-term Liabilities		1,290,000				67,000	1,223,000	67,000				
Total	\$ 2	2,091,569	\$	3,678	\$	158,399	\$ 1,936,848	\$ 124,848				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt obligations outstanding as of December 31, 2022, excluding accrued compensated absences over the life of the debt, are summarized below:

		General Improvem	•	General Obligation Utility Revenue Bonds					
Years	Principal Interest		Principal Interest					Total	
Governmental Activities	_								
2023	\$	55,000	\$ 16,437	\$		\$		\$	71,437
2024		58,000	14,884						72,884
2025		58,000	13,281						71,281
2026		61,000	11,631						72,631
2027		62,000	9,923						71,923
2028-2032		247,000	27,608						274,608
2033-2036		170,000	6,555						176,555
	\$	711,000	\$ 100,316	\$		\$		\$	811,316
Business-Type Activities	_								
2023	\$		\$	\$	67,000	\$	30,692	\$	97,692
2024					51,000		29,394		80,394
2025					51,000		28,320		79,320
2026					52,000		27,325		79,325
2027					25,000		26,302		51,302
2028-2032					133,000		121,567		254,567
2033-2037					152,000		103,058		255,058
2038-2042					173,000		81,996		254,996
2043-2047					198,000		58,022		256,022
2048-2052					223,000		30,797		253,797
2053-2054					98,000		3,859		101,859
	\$		\$	\$	1,223,000	\$	541,332	\$	1,764,332

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. Individual Fund Disclosures

Operating transfers, at the individual fund level, were as follows:

Funds	 insfers In	Transfers Out		
General	\$ \$	18,698		
2012A Imp Refunding Bond		15,199		
Capital Improvement	698			
Historical	3,000			
Sewer	 30,199			
	\$ 33,897 \$	33,897		

Excess of expenditures over appropriations, all the result of a planned process, were as follows:

General	\$ 65,476
First Responders	2,841
Rural Fire	33,319

7. Fund Equity

The City uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The following is a summary of committed fund balances as of December 31, 2022 with comparative totals for December 31, 2021:

	Res	First sponders	Ru	ıral Fire	R 	evolving Loan	_	Capital provement	 2022 Total	 2021 Total
Equipment First responders activities Economic development Fire Emergency disaster	\$	16,825	\$	16,449	\$	40,787	\$	189,251 3,309	\$ 16,449 16,825 40,787 189,251 3,309	\$ 56,745 16,538 37,558 207,304 9,897
Total	\$	16,825	\$	16,449	\$	40,787	\$	192,560	\$ 266,621	\$ 328,042

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

8. Commitments and Contingencies

The City participates in various federal and state agency assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The City does not anticipate any audit adjustments or disallowed program expenditures that would-be material in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide

Plan Description

The City of Wykoff, Minnesota participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2022, were \$2,357. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$31,680 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$902.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0004 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0004 percent for the beginning of the period.

City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 31,680
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the City	 902
Total	\$ 32,582

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of (\$1,311) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$135 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	 ed Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	265	\$ 344
Changes in actuarial assumptions		7,170	161
Net collective difference between projected and actual investment earnings		837	
Changes in proportion		1,383	2,998
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		1,332	
Total	\$	10,987	\$ 3,503

The \$1,332 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pens	ion Expense
Year ending December 31:		Amount
2023	\$	2,760
2024		1,537
2025		(1,009)
2026		2,864

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5%	5.10%
International Equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed Income	25.0%	0.75%
Private Markets	25.0%	5.90%
Total	100%	-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

There following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2022:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate for the General Employees Plan used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis
Net Pension Liability at Different Discount Rates

	General Employees Fund						
1% Lower	5.50%	\$	50,040				
Current Discount Rate	6.50%	\$	31,680				
1% Higher	7.50%	\$	16,622				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Volunteer Fire Relief Association

The Wykoff Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association has not had an actuarial study performed. The Association believes the funding status determined using the calculation required by the Minnesota State Auditor is sufficient to determine the reportable amounts under GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Plan Description

The City contributes to the City of Wykoff Volunteer Fire Relief Association ("Association"), a single employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrator for the City's firefighters.

Volunteer firefighters of the City are members of the Wykoff Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association. Association members are eligible to receive a lump sum pension benefit of \$1,500 per person per year of service after reaching a minimum retirement age of 50 and at least 20 years of service with 20 years of membership in the association. Association members are eligible to receive partial pension benefits for service of 10 to 20 years with 10 years of membership in the association. Partial vesting begins at 60% in the tenth year and increases 4% per year of additional service until fully vested. These benefit provisions are consistent with enabling State statutes. Volunteers of the department are not required to contribute to the relief association. The City levies property taxes at the direction of and for the benefit of the fire relief association and passes through state aids allocated to the plan, all in accordance with enabling state statutes. During 2022, at the Association direction, the City did not levy any property taxes to be paid to the Association.

Related Party Investments

During 2022 and as of December 31, 2022, the Association held no securities issued by the City.

Funding Status and Progress

At December 31, 2021 the Association funding status is as follows:

Total plan assets	\$ 451,746
Total accrued liability	 (234,368)
Excess of plan assets over accrued liability	\$ 217,378

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Volunteer Fire Relief Association (Continued)

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Financial requirements of the Association are determined on a computation based on member years of service. The City's minimum obligation is the financial requirement for the year less Association investment earnings and State aids. The funding strategy should provide sufficient resources to pay relief association benefits on a timely basis. The City was not obligated to make a contribution in 2022, but did make a voluntary contribution of \$2,700.

The computation of the pension contribution requirements for 2022 was based on the same assumptions, benefit provision, lump sum funding method, and other significant factors used to determine pension contributions requirements in previous years.

Ten-Year Historical Trend Information

Ten-year historical trend information related to the pension plan is unavailable.

11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries insurance for liability, property, employee health and automotive insurance through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT).

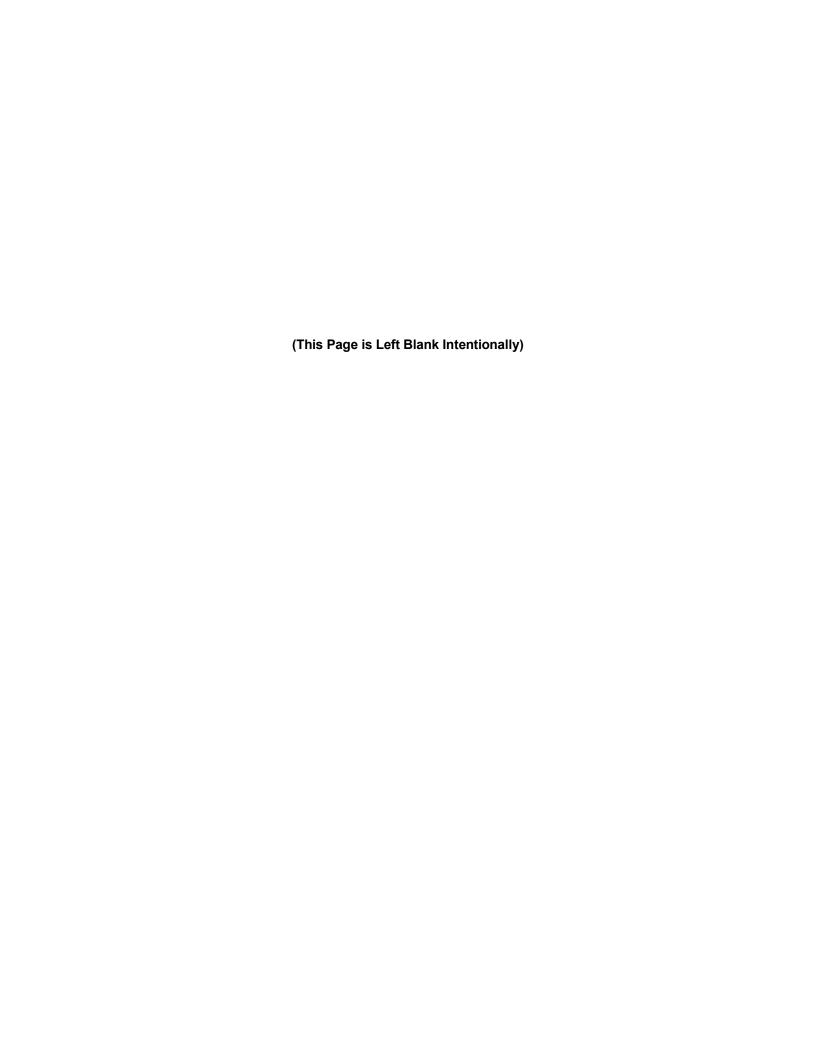
Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There were no reductions in insurance coverage in 2022. Coverage amounts on these insurance policies are as follows:

Employee Theft:

Clerk/Treasurer \$75,000

All Others 25,000

The City participates in a group workers' compensation plan of the LMCIT, which is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member Minnesota Cities. All cities participating in the plan are jointly and severally liable for all claims and expenses of the plan. The LMCIT workers' compensation plan is self-sustaining based on the premiums charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on those contributions will be sufficient to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses of the plan. The LMCIT plan participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage of \$100,000 per claim for plan year 2022. The amount of any liability in excess of plan assets may be assessed to participating Cities in method and amount determined by the LMCIT.



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

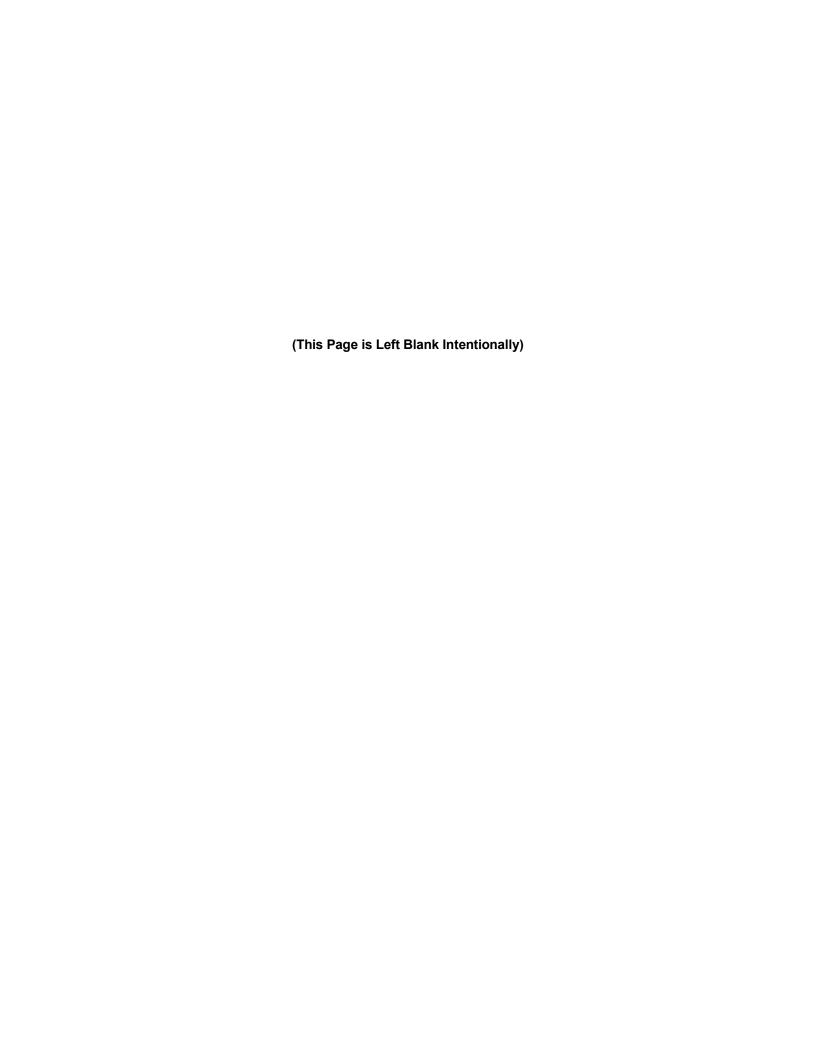
December 31, 2022

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA Schedule of City Pension Contributions PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

Year Ended December 31	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)		Required Statutorily Contribution Required		Contribution Deficiency Covered Payroll (Excess) (a-b) (d)			Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)	
2014	\$	4,165	\$	4,165	\$	\$	57,448	7.25%	
2015	*	6,694	•	6,694	•	*	89,253	7.50%	
2016		6,874		6,874			91,653	7.50%	
2017		4,682		4,682			62,427	7.50%	
2018		2,788		2,788			37,173	7.50%	
2019		2,319		2,319			30,920	7.50%	
2020		2,804		2,804			37,387	7.50%	
2021		2,424		2,424			32,320	7.50%	
2022		2,357		2,357			31,427	7.50%	
2023									

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA Schedule of City and Non-Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability PERA General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years (presented prospectively)

				Employer's			
	Employer's	Employer's	State's	Proportionate Share		Employer's	Plan
	Proportionate	Proportionate	Proportionate	of the Net Pension		Proportionate	Fiduciary
	Share	Share	Share (Amount)	Liability and the		Share of the Net	Net Position
	(Percentage)	(Amount) of	of the Net	State's		Pension Liability	as a
Fiscal	of Net	the Net	Pension	Proportionate Share		(Asset) as a	Percentage
Year	Pension	Pension	Liability	of the Net Pension		Percentage of its	of the Total
Ended	Liability	Liability	Associated	Liability Associated	Covered	Covered Payroll	Pension
June 30	(Asset)	(Asset) (a)	with the City (b)	(b) with the City (a+b) Payroll ((a+b)/c	Liability
2014	0.0011%	\$ 51,672	\$	\$ 51,672	\$ 68,671	75.2%	78.70%
2015	0.0015%	77,738		77,738	73,351	106.0%	78.20%
2016	0.0015%	121,793	1,570	123,363	90,453	136.4%	68.90%
2017	0.0010%	63,839	778	64,617	77,040	83.9%	75.90%
2018	0.0006%	33,286	1,057	34,343	49,800	69.0%	79.53%
2019	0.0004%	22,115	833	22,948	34,047	67.4%	80.23%
2020	0.0005%	29,977	897	30,874	34,153	90.4%	79.06%
2021	0.0004%	17,082	633	17,715	34,853	50.8%	87.00%
2022	0.0004%	31,680	902	32,582	31,873	102.2%	76.67%
2023							



CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2022

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2022

General Obligation Drinking Water Revenue Bonds of 2004

Payment Year	Р	rincipal	Interest	Rate	Total
2023	\$	18,000	\$ 421	2.34%	\$ 18,421
	\$	18,000	\$ 421		\$ 18,421

General Obligation Drinking Water Revenue Bonds of 2007

Payment					
Year	F	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total
2023	\$	27,000	\$ 1,554	1.40%	\$ 28,554
2024		28,000	1,176	1.40%	29,176
2025		28,000	784	1.40%	28,784
2026		28,000	392	1.40%	28,392
	\$	111,000	\$ 3,906		\$ 114,906

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2022

General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds of 2015A

Payment				
Year	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total
2023	\$ 10,000	\$ 12,862	2.625%	\$ 22,862
2024	10,000	12,635	2.625%	22,635
2025	10,000	12,337	2.625%	22,337
2026	11,000	12,075	2.625%	23,075
2027	11,000	11,786	2.625%	22,786
2028-2032	60,000	54,503	2.625%	114,503
2033-2037	68,000	46,145	2.625%	114,145
2038-2042	77,000	36,743	2.625%	113,743
2043-2047	89,000	26,056	2.625%	115,056
2048-2052	100,000	13,822	2.625%	113,822
2053-2054	44,000	1,733	2.625%	 45,733
	\$ 490,000	\$ 240,697		\$ 730,697

General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds of 2015B

Payment				
Year	Principal	Interest	Rate	Total
2023	\$ 12,000	\$ 15,855	2.625%	\$ 27,855
2024	13,000	15,583	2.625%	28,583
2025	13,000	15,199	2.625%	28,199
2026	13,000	14,858	2.625%	27,858
2027	14,000	14,516	2.625%	28,516
2028-2032	73,000	67,064	2.625%	140,064
2033-2037	84,000	56,913	2.625%	140,913
2038-2042	96,000	45,253	2.625%	141,253
2043-2047	109,000	31,966	2.625%	140,966
2048-2052	123,000	16,975	2.625%	139,975
2053-2054	 54,000	2,126	2.625%	56,126
		_		
	\$ 604,000	\$ 296,308		\$ 900,308

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS As of December 31, 2022

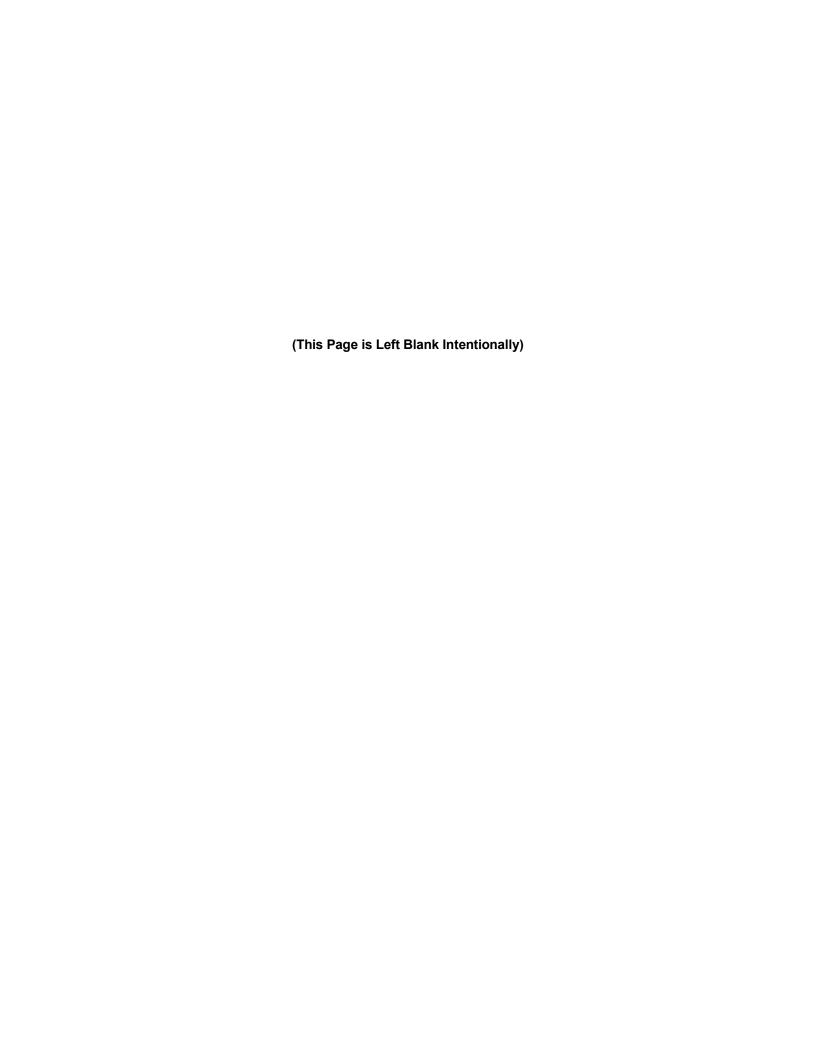
General Obligation Improvement Note Bonds of 2018A

Payment							
Year	Principal		Interest		Rate	Total	
2023	\$	23,000	\$	6,728	3.900%	\$	29,728
2024		25,000		5,792	3.900%		30,792
2025		25,000		4,817	3.900%		29,817
2026		27,000		3,803	3.900%		30,803
2027		27,000		2,750	3.900%		29,750
2028-2029		57,000		2,243	3.900%		59,243
					•		
	\$	184,000	\$	26,130		\$	210,130

General Obligation Improvement Note Bonds of 2020A

Payment									
Year	Principal		Interest		R	Rate		Total	
								_	
2023	\$	32,000	\$	9,709		1.900%	\$	41,709	
2024		33,000		9,092		1.900%		42,092	
2025		33,000		8,464		1.900%		41,464	
2026		34,000		7,828		1.900%		41,828	
2027		35,000		7,173		1.900%		42,173	
2028-2032		190,000		25,365		1.900%		215,365	
2033-2036		170,000		6,555		1.900%		176,555	
	\$	527,000	\$	74,186			\$	601,186	
		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS DECEMBER 31, 2022





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wykoff, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses as finding 2008-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wykoff, Minnesota

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City of Wykoff, Minnesota failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

City of Wykoff, Minnesota's Response to Finding

Smith, Schafe and associates, Lol.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Wykoff, Minnesota's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings and responses. The City of Wykoff, Minnesota's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rochester, Minnesota February 2, 2023

CITY OF WYKOFF, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FINDING – 2008-001 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS (GAAP) AND SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Condition: A City of this size has an inherent limitation in its ability to effectively segregate its

accounting duties and to prepare annual full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It would not be practical for City to devote the resources required to overcome this limitation. The potential exists that a material disclosure could be omitted from the financial statements and not be prevented

or detected by the City's internal controls.

Criteria: The City should have controls in place to prevent or detect the omission of a material

disclosure in the annual financial statements. An important element of internal controls is an adequate segregation of duties that minimizes the opportunities for any one individual to be in a position to both perpetuate and conceal errors or irregularities in the normal

course of business.

Context: Because of the limited size of the City's administrative staff, there is not an adequate

segregation of duties. The City has informed us they will continue to rely upon the audit firm to prepare the financial statements and related footnote disclosures and will

review and approve these prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Effect: No effect on the financial statements.

Cause: There is a limited number of administrative staff. The City does not have the

expertise to draft the notes to the financial statements; however, they have reviewed

and approved the annual financial statements as prepared by the audit firm.

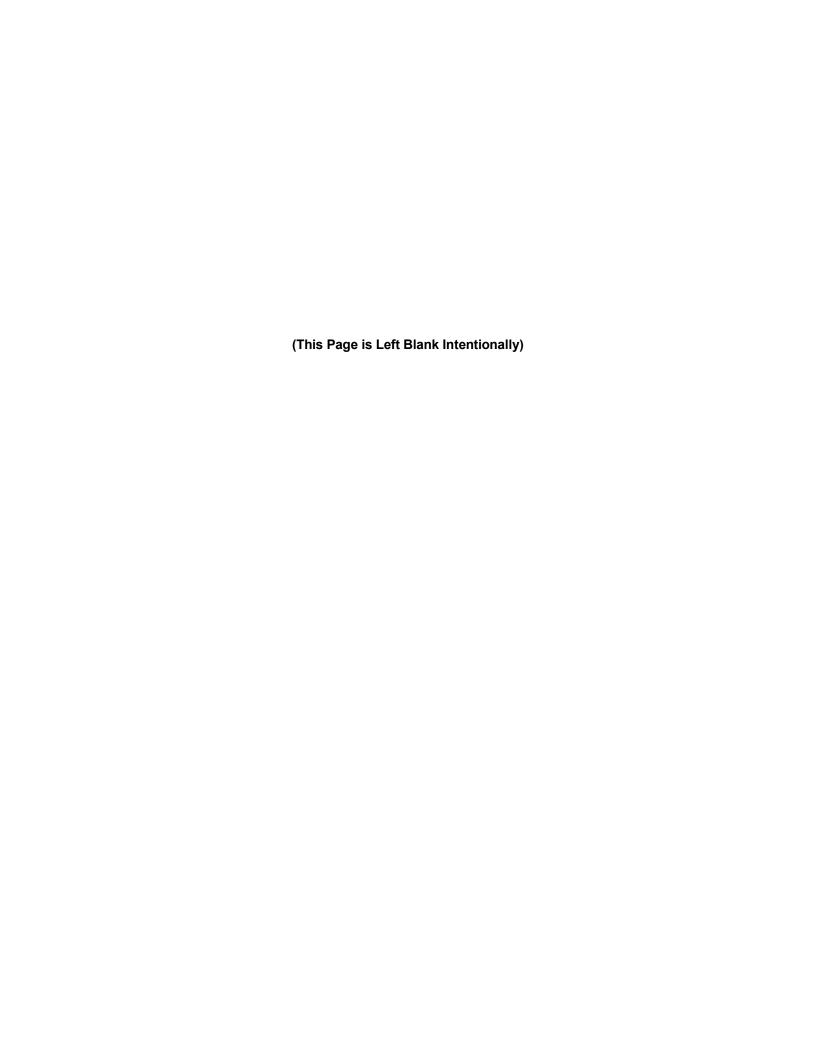
Recommendation: We recommend the City continue to segregate duties as best it can within the limits of

what the City considers to be cost beneficial and to evaluate their internal staff and expertise to determine if further controls over the annual financial reporting are

beneficial.

CURRENT STATUS:

The finding recurred in 2022.





217 NORTH GOLD STREET . P.O. BOX 218 . WYKOFF, MN 55990-0218 . 507-352-4011

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

The City respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The finding from the schedule of prior year findings and responses is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

RESPONSE: FINDING 2008-001

Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding:

There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Actions Planned in Response to Finding:

The management and accounting personnel review the drafted financial statements and notes. The City does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by GAAP are included in the financial statements. Accordingly, the City will rely upon the auditors for completeness of the disclosures. However, the management and accounting personnel will review the notes for accuracy prior to issuance of the statements. The City will continue to evaluate assignment of duties and implement segregation whenever it is practical.

Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP:

Rebecca Schmidt, Clerk-Treasurer, is the official responsible for ensuring the planned responses.

Planned Completion Date for CAP:

Not applicable as the City is willing to accept this risk at this time and will continue to evaluate the recommendation.

Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP:

Ryan Breckenridge, Mayor, will ensure the review by the Clerk-Treasurer has been completed. He will do this through discussion with the Clerk-Treasurer and reviewing the draft of the financial statements.